according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : STAPA IL HYDROLAN S 1100 Aluminium Paste

Product code : 020180KD0

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the : Colouring agents, pigments

Substance/Mixture

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : ECKART Suisse SA

Route de la Brasserie 2

1963 Vétroz

Telephone : +410273454800

Telefax : +410273454859

E-mail address of person

responsible for the SDS

msds.eckart@altana.com

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

NCEC: +44 1235 239670 (Europe)

Call and response in your language is possible.

Contract no.: ECKART29003-NCEC.

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

### Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Flammable solids. Category 1 H228: Flammable solid.

Eye irritation, Category 2 H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3, Central nervous

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

system

#### 2.2 Label elements

### Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

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Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H228 Flammable solid.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks,

open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P261 Avoid breathing dust.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/

eye protection/ face protection/ hearing

protection.

Response:

P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh

air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel

unwell.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use for extinction: Special

powder for metal fires.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use for extinction: Dry sand.

### Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

propan-2-ol

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.

Additional Labelling

EUH208 Contains N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediamine. May produce an allergic

reaction.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	ClassificationREGUL	Concentration
	EC-No.	ATION (EC) No	(% w/w)
	Index-No.	1272/2008	·

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	Registration number		
aluminium powder (stabilised)	7429-90-5	Flam. Sol. 1; H228	>= 25 - < 50
	231-072-3		
	013-002-00-1		
	01-2119529243-45		
propan-2-ol	67-63-0	Flam. Liq. 2; H225	>= 25 - < 50
		Eye Irrit. 2; H319	
	200-661-7	STOT SE 3; H336	
	603-117-00-0	(Central nervous	
	01-2119457558-25	system)	
ethanol	64-17-5	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Eye Irrit. 2; H319	>= 1 - < 10
	200-578-6		
	603-002-00-5		
	01-2119457610-43		
Naphtha (petroleum),	64742-48-9	Asp. Tox. 1; H304	>= 1 - < 10
hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling		EUH066	
point ydrogen treated naphtha	918-481-9		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	64742-95-6	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 STOT SE 3; H336	>= 1 - < 2.5
aloni.	918-668-5	(Central nervous	
	310 000 0	system)	
		STOT SE 3; H335	
		(Respiratory system)	
		Asp. Tox. 1; H304	
		Aquatic Chronic 2;	
		H411	
		EUH066	
N-(3-	1760-24-3	Acute Tox. 4; H332	>= 0.1 - < 1
(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenedia		Eye Dam. 1; H318	
mine	217-164-6	Skin Sens. 1; H317	
	01-2119970215-39		

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Move the victim to fresh air.

Move out of dangerous area.

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Do not leave the victim unattended.

If inhaled : Remove to fresh air.

Consult a physician after significant exposure.

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If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical

advice.

In case of skin contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water.

If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

If on clothes, remove clothes.

In case of eye contact Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water.

Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water.

Remove contact lenses.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed Keep respiratory tract clear.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Risks Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

This information is not available.

#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Dry sand

Special powder against metal fire

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Water Foam

Carbon dioxide (CO2)

ABC powder

High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during

firefighting

Contact with water liberates extremely flammable gas

(hydrogen).

5.3 Advice for firefighters

for firefighters

Special protective equipment: Use personal protective equipment.



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Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if

necessary.

Further information : For safety reasons in case of fire, cans should be stored

separately in closed containments.

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local

circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use a water spray to cool fully closed containers.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Use personal protective equipment. Use personal protective equipment.

Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing dust.

Remove all sources of ignition.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Prevent product from entering drains.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Use mechanical handling equipment.

Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel,

acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).

Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13).

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

## 6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8.

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## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Avoid dust formation.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Avoid formation of respirable particles.

Do not breathe vapours/dust.

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. For personal protection see section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the

application area.

Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Open drum carefully as content may be under pressure. Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national

regulations.

Advice on protection against

fire and explosion

Earthing of containers and apparatuses is essential. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge. Use

explosion-proof equipment.

Avoid dust formation. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Keep away from open flames,

hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Hygiene measures : When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

: Store in original container. Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep container closed when not in

use. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

No smoking. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and wellventilated place. Observe label precautions. Electrical installations / working materials must comply with the

technological safety standards.

Further information on storage conditions

Protect from humidity and water. Do not allow to dry.

Advice on common storage : Do not store together with oxidizing and self-igniting products.

Never allow product to get in contact with water during

storage.

Keep away from oxidizing agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Further information on

storage stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

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## 7.3 Specific end use(s)

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1 Control parameters

### **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
aluminium powder (stabilised)	7429-90-5	TWA (Inhalable)	10 mg/m3	GB EH40
		TWA (Respirable fraction)	4 mg/m3	GB EH40
		TWA (inhalable dust)	10 mg/m3	GB EH40
	inhalable dust when samplin MDHS14/4 Government of the substance has concentration inhalable dust any dust will be levels. Some must comply particles of a particular part response that distinguishes and 'respirable material that eavailable for othe fraction definitions and contain comply should be corresponded.	are those fractions in a seneral methods for 4 mg.m-3 8-hours for 4 mg.m-3 8-hours for 4 mg.m-3 8-hours for subject to COSH-dusts have been asswith the appropriate wide range of sizes. Sicile after entry into the fiction of the size of fractions for the size fractions for the size fractions for the size fraction in the respectation in the respectation in the respectation on the size fraction in the respectation on the size fraction in the respectation in the res	ses of these limits, respirable of airborne dust which will be coordance with the methods campling and gravimetric analerosols., The COSHH definitudes dust of any kind when eater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This if people are exposed to dustigned specific WELs and exhimits., Most industrial dusts. The behaviour, deposition a the human respiratory system the nature and size of the partimit-setting purposes termes approximates to the fraction of mouth during breathing and piratory tract. Respirable dustine gas exchange region of the all are given in MDHS14/4., Vair own assigned WEL, all the no specific short-term exposexposure limit should be used.	e collected described in lysis or nition of a present at a TWA of semeans that ust above these contain and fate of any n, and the body article. HSE ed 'inhalable' airborne is therefore approximates are lung. Fuller Where dusts a relevant limits ure limit is listed,
	Further inform	dust)	ses of these limits, respirable	
	inhalable dust when samplin MDHS14/4 Governments respirable, the substance has concentration inhalable dust	t are those fractions g is undertaken in a eneral methods for so pracic and inhalable zardous to health incin air equal to or great or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour	of airborne dust which will be ccordance with the methods campling and gravimetric ana aerosols., The COSHH definitional dust of any kind when eater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This if people are exposed to dust of airborness.	e collected described in lysis or nition of a present at a TWA of s means that

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				<u> </u>
	levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limits., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system, and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'., Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/4., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.			
propan-2-ol	67-63-0	TWA	400 ppm	GB EH40
		OTEL	999 mg/m3	OD ELLIA
		STEL	500 ppm 1,250 mg/m3	GB EH40
ethanol	64-17-5	TWA	1,000 ppm	GB EH40
			1,920 mg/m3	
			ecific short-term exposure lim	
oilian diavida		mes the long-term e TWA (inhalable	xposure limit should be used	
silicon dioxide	7631-86-9	dust)	6 mg/m3 (Silica)	GB EH40
	Further information: For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/4 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis or respirable, thoracic and inhalable aerosols., The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed to dust above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limits., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system, and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'., Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/4., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.			
		dust)	2.4 mg/m3 (Silica)	GD EH4U
	Further information: For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and			

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## Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
aluminium powder (stabilised)	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	3.72 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	3.72 mg/m3
	Consumers	Oral	Long-term systemic effects	3.95 mg/kg
propan-2-ol	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	888 mg/kg
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	500 mg/m3
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	26 mg/kg
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	319 mg/kg
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	89 mg/m3
ethanol	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	950 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	1900 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	343 mg/kg
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	114 mg/m3

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	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	206 mg/kg
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	87 mg/kg
silicon dioxide	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	4 mg/m3
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha	Workers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects	1500 mg/m3
·	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	300 mg/kg
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	300 mg/kg
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	300 mg/kg
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	900 mg/m3
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	150 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	25 mg/kg
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	11 mg/kg
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	32 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	11 mg/kg
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	11 mg/kg
N-(3- (trimethoxysilyl)propyl )ethylenediamine	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	35.3 mg/m3
	Workers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	5 mg/kg
	Workers	Dermal	Acute systemic effects	5 mg/kg
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	8.7 mg/m3
	Consumers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	2.5 mg/kg
	Consumers	Dermal	Acute systemic effects	17 mg/kg
	Consumers	Oral	Long-term systemic effects	2.5 mg/kg

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name Environmental Compartment Value

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aluminium powder (stabilised)	Fresh water	0.0749 mg/l
	clarification plant	20 mg/l
propan-2-ol	Soil	28 mg/kg
	Fresh water	140.9 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	552 mg/kg
	Marine water	140.9 mg/l
	Marine sediment	552 mg/kg
	STP	2251 mg/l
ethanol	Fresh water	0.96 mg/l
	Marine water	0.79 mg/l
	Intermittent water release	2.75 mg/l
	STP	580 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	3.6 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	2.9 mg/kg
	Soil	0.63 mg/kg
	Secondary Poisoning	380 mg/kg
N-(3-	Fresh water	0.062 mg/l
(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenedi amine		
	Marine water	0.0062 mg/l
	STP	25 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	0.048 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	0.0048 mg/kg
	Soil	0.0075 mg/kg

### 8.2 Exposure controls

### Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection : Tightly fitting safety goggles

Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing

problems.

Hand protection

Material : Solvent-resistant gloves (butyl-rubber)

Remarks : Take note of the information given by the producer

concerning permeability and break through times, and of special workplace conditions (mechanical strain, duration of contact). The exact break through time can be obtained from the protective glove producer and this has to be observed. Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the

danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time.

Recommended preventive skin protection Skin should be washed after contact. The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective

gloves.

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Skin and body protection : Long sleeved clothing

Safety shoes

Choose body protection according to the amount and

concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Respiratory protection : Use suitable breathing protection if workplace concentration

requires.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Pasty solid

Colour : silver

Odour : solvent-like

Odour Threshold : No data available

Freezing point : No data available

Boiling point/boiling range : 82 - 83 °C

Flammability : The substance or mixture is a flammable solid with the

category 1.

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Flash point : 13 °C

Auto-ignition temperature : Not relevant

Decomposition temperature : No data available

pH : substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : insoluble

Solubility in other solvents : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Vapour pressure : No data available

No data available

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Relative density : No data available

Density : 1.3 - 2.0 g/cm3

Relative vapour density : No data available

Particle Size Distribution :

9.2 Other information

Explosives : Not explosive

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

Self-ignition : not auto-flammable

Miscibility with water : partly miscible

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1 Reactivity

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

## 10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Reacts with alkalis, acids, halogenes and oxidizing agents.

Contact with acids and alkalis may release hydrogen. Mixture reacts slowly with water resulting in evolution of

hydrogen.

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Do not allow to dry.

Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Acids

Bases

Oxidizing agents

Highly halogenated compounds

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

This information is not available.

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### **Acute toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

aluminium powder (stabilised):

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

propan-2-ol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

ethanol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): 10,470 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): 124.7 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): Test atmosphere: vapour

Remarks: An LC50/inhalation/4h/rat could not be determined because no mortality of rats was observed at the maximum

achievable concentration.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 3,492 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 3,160 mg/kg

N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediamine:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): ca. 2,995 mg/kg

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Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50: 1.49 - 2.44 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after

short term inhalation.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

**Product:** 

Remarks : May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis.

**Components:** 

ethanol:

Result : No skin irritation

Remarks : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha:

Result : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Result : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

**Product:** 

Remarks : May cause irreversible eye damage.

Components:

propan-2-ol:

Result : Eye irritation

ethanol:

Result : Eye irritation

Remarks : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediamine:

Result : Corrosive

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

#### Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

**Product:** 

Result : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

#### **Components:**

#### N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediamine:

Result : May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

## Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

#### Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha:

Germ cell mutagenicity- : Classified based on benzene content < 0.1% (Regulation (EC)

Assessment 1272/2008, Annex VI, Part 3, Note P)

### Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Germ cell mutagenicity- : Classified based on benzene content < 0.1% (Regulation (EC)

Assessment 1272/2008, Annex VI, Part 3, Note P)

#### Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

#### Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha:

Carcinogenicity - : Classified based on benzene content < 0.1% (Regulation (EC)

Assessment 1272/2008, Annex VI, Part 3, Note P)

#### Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Carcinogenicity - : Classified based on benzene content < 0.1% (Regulation (EC)

Assessment 1272/2008, Annex VI, Part 3, Note P)

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

## STOT - single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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**Components:** 

propan-2-ol:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation., May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

11.2 Information on other hazards

**Further information** 

**Product:** 

Remarks : Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness,

tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Concentrations substantially above the TLV value may cause

narcotic effects.

Solvents may degrease the skin.

**SECTION 12: Ecological information** 

12.1 Toxicity

**Components:** 

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

**Ecotoxicology Assessment** 

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

**Product:** 

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered

to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

**Product:** 

Additional ecological

information

: No data available

#### **Components:**

#### Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha:

Additional ecological

information

: No data available

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

European Waste Catalogue : 12 01 04 - non-ferrous metal dust and particles

European Waste Catalogue : 10 03 21 - other particulates and dust (including ball-mill dust)

containing hazardous substances

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with

chemical or used container.

Send to a licensed waste management company.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents.

Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers.

Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1 UN number or ID number

ADR : UN 1325 IMDG : UN 1325 IATA : UN 1325

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR : FLAMMABLE SOLID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.

(Aluminium pigment paste)

IMDG : FLAMMABLE SOLID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.

(Aluminium pigment paste)

IATA : Flammable solid, organic, n.o.s.

(Aluminium pigment paste)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Class Subsidiary risks

**ADR** : 4.1 **IMDG** : 4.1 **IATA** : 4.1

### 14.4 Packing group

**ADR** 

Packing group : II
Classification Code : F1
Hazard Identification Number : 40
Labels : 4.1
Tunnel restriction code : (E)

**IMDG** 

Packing group : II
Labels : 4.1
EmS Code : F-A, S-G

Remarks : IMDG Code segregation group 15 - Powdered metals

IATA (Cargo)

Packing instruction (cargo : 448

aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y441
Packing group : II
Labels : 4.1

IATA (Passenger)

Packing instruction : 445

(passenger aircraft)

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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Packing instruction (LQ) : Y441
Packing group : II
Labels : 4.1

#### 14.5 Environmental hazards

**ADR** 

Environmentally hazardous : no

**IMDG** 

Marine pollutant : no

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

#### 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Relevant EU provisions transposed through retained EU law

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles (Annex XVII) Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be considered:

aluminium powder (stabilised)

(Number on list 40)

propan-2-ol (Number on list 3) ethanol (Number on list 3)

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha (Number on list 3) Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light

arom. (Number on list 3)

N-(3-

(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediami

ne (Number on list 3)

UK REACH Candidate list of substances of very high

concern (SVHC) for Authorisation

The Persistent Organic Pollutants Regulations (retained

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 as amended for Great

Britain)

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that

deplete the ozone layer

: Not applicable

Not applicable

: Not applicable

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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UK REACH List of substances subject to authorisation : Not applicable

(Annex XIV)

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No data available

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Full text of H-Statements

H225 : Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 : Flammable liquid and vapour.

H228 : Flammable solid.

H304 : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H317 : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 : Causes serious eye damage.
H319 : Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 : Harmful if inhaled.

H335 : May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411 : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity

Aquatic Chronic : Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

Asp. Tox. : Aspiration hazard Eye Dam. : Serious eye damage

Eye Irrit. : Eye irritation
Flam. Liq. : Flammable liquids
Flam. Sol. : Flammable solids
Skin Sens. : Skin sensitisation

STOT SE : Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure GB EH40 : UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits

GB EH40 / TWA : Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)
GB EH40 / STEL : Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period)

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AllC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO -International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration: NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID -Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### **Further information**

### Classification of the mixture:

#### Classification procedure:

Flam. Sol. 1 H228 Based on product data or assessment

Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Calculation method STOT SE 3 H336 Calculation method

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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