

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 26.11.2024
8.0	16.01.2024	102000020062	Date of first issue: 02.01.2014

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Trade name	: STAPA IL HYDROLAN 212 55900/G Aluminium Paste
Product code	: 005289GD0

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Use of the : Colouring agent

Use of the	: Colouring agent
Substance/Mixture	Colouring agents, pigments

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company	:	ECKART Suisse SA Route de la Brasserie 2 1963 Vétroz
Telephone	:	+410273454800
Telefax	:	+410273454859
E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS	:	msds.eckart@altana.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

NCEC: +44 1235 239670 (Europe) Call and response in your language is possible. Contract no.: ECKART29003-NCEC.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Flammable solids, Category 1 Eye irritation, Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3, Central nervous system H228: Flammable solid.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

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Haza	ard pictograms	:		!
Sigr	nal word	:	Danger	•
Haza	ard statements	:	H228 H319 H336	Flammable solid. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Prec	autionary statements	:	Prevention: P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
			P261 P280	Avoid breathing dust. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/ eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.
			Response: P304 + P340 + F	P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.
			P370 + P378	In case of fire: Use for extinction: Special powder for metal fires.
			P370 + P378	In case of fire: Use for extinction: Dry sand.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

propan-2-ol Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.

Additional Labelling

EUH208 Contains N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediamine. May produce an allergic reaction.

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature : Pigment

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	ClassificationREGUL	Concentration



rsion			nt Date: 26.11.2024 e of first issue: 02.01.2014	4
		EC-No. Index-No. Registration number	ATION (EC) No 1272/2008	(% w/w)
alumir	nium powder (stabilised)	7429-90-5 231-072-3 013-002-00-1 01-2119529243-45	Flam. Sol. 1; H228	>= 50 - <= 100
propa	n-2-ol	67-63-0 200-661-7 603-117-00-0 01-2119457558-25	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H336 (Central nervous system)	>= 20 - < 25
ethand	วไ	64-17-5 200-578-6 603-002-00-5 01-2119457610-43	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Eye Irrit. 2; H319	>= 1 - < 10
hydro	ha (petroleum), treated heavy; Low boiling ydrogen treated naphtha	64742-48-9 918-481-9 01-2119457273-39	Asp. Tox. 1; H304 EUH066	>= 1 - < 10
Solve arom.	nt naphtha (petroleum), ligi	nt 64742-95-6 918-668-5	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 STOT SE 3; H336 (Central nervous system) STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system) Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411 EUH066	>= 1 - < 2.5
mine	thoxysilyl)propyl)ethylened	01-2119970215-39	Eye Dam. 1; H318 Skin Sens. 1B; H317 STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system)	>= 0.1 - < 1

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice	:	Move the victim to fresh air.
		Move out of dangerous area. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
If inhaled	:	Consult a physician after significant exposure.



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		If unconscious, advice.	place in recovery position and seek medical
In cas	e of skin contact	: Wash off imme	diately with soap and plenty of water.
		lf on skin, rinse If on clothes, re	
In cas	e of eye contact	Remove contac	sh eye(s) with plenty of water. t lenses. open while rinsing.
If swallowed		Never give anyt	y tract clear. c or alcoholic beverages. hing by mouth to an unconscious person. rsist, call a physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Risks	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
		May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

This information is not available.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	:	Dry sand Special powder against metal fire
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Carbon dioxide (CO2) ABC powder Water Foam
5.2 Special hazards arising from	the	e substance or mixture
Specific hazards during firefighting	:	Contact with water liberates extremely flammable gas (hydrogen).
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Use personal protective equipment.
		Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.
Further information	:	Standard procedure for chemical fires.



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			g measures that are appropriate to local nd the surrounding environment.
SECTION	6: Accidental releas	se measures	
6.1 Persona	al precautions, protec	tive equipment and	emergency procedures
	al precautions	: Evacuate person Use personal pro	nel to safe areas. otective equipment. otective equipment. ation.
6.2 Environ	mental precautions		
	l advice	courses or the so Prevent product Prevent further le	from entering drains. eakage or spillage if safe to do so. ntaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform
6.3 Method	s and material for co	ntainment and cleani	ng up
Methods for cleaning up :		: Use mechanical Soak up with iner	handling equipment. t absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, ersal binder, sawdust).
		Do not flush with Keep in suitable,	water. closed containers for disposal.
	ce to other sections	n 9	

For personal protection see section 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling	 Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Avoid dust formation. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid formation of respirable particles. Do not breathe vapours/dust. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. For personal protection see section 8. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms.
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Advice on protection against fire and explosionDispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national regulations.Advice on protection against fire and explosionEarthing of containers and apparatuses is essential. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge. Use explosion-proof equipment. Avoid dust formation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.Hygiene measures:When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.7.2 Conditions for safe storage areas and containers:Store in original container. Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. No smoking. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well- ventilated place. Electrical installations / working materials must comply with the technological safety standards.Further information on storage conditions:Protect from humidity and water. Do not allow to dry.Advice on common storage storage. Keep away from oxidizing agents, strongly alkaline and storage. Keep away from oxidizing agents, strongly alkaline and storage stability:No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.:No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.	Ver 8.0	sion	Revision Date: 16.01.2024		DS Number: 2000020062	Print Date: 26.11.2024 Date of first issue: 02.01.2014
Surfaces and sources of ignition.Hygiene measures:When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.7.2 Conditions for safe storage areas and containersincluding any incompatibilitiesRequirements for storage areas and containers:Store in original container. Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.No smoking. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well- ventilated place. Electrical installations / working materials must comply with the technological safety standards.Further information on storage conditions:Protect from humidity and water. Do not allow to dry.Advice on common storage storage. Keep away from oxidizing and self-igniting products. Never allow product to get in contact with water during storage. 				:	regulations. Earthing of conta measures to prev	iners and apparatuses is essential. Take ent the build up of electrostatic charge. Use
Vash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.7.2 Conditions for safe storage areas and containersincluding any incompatibilitiesRequirements for storage areas and containers: Store in original container. Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.No smoking. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well- ventilated place. Electrical installations / working materials must comply with the technological safety standards.Further information on storage conditions: Protect from humidity and water. Do not allow to dry.Advice on common storage: Do not store together with oxidizing and self-igniting products. Never allow product to get in contact with water during storage. 						
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storage conditionsAdvice on common storage: Do not store together with oxidizing and self-igniting products. Never allow product to get in contact with water during storage. Keep away from oxidizing agents, strongly alkaline and 					ventilated place.	Electrical installations / working materials
Never allow product to get in contact with water during storage. Keep away from oxidizing agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions. Further information on storage stability : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.				:	Protect from hum	idity and water. Do not allow to dry.
storage stability		Advice	on common storage	:	Never allow prod storage. Keep away from	uct to get in contact with water during oxidizing agents, strongly alkaline and
				:	No decompositio	n if stored and applied as directed.
7.3 Specific end use(s)	7.3	Specific	c end use(s)			

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form	Control parameters	Basis	
		of exposure)			
aluminium powder (stabilised)	7429-90-5	TWA (Inhalable)	10 mg/m3	GB EH40	
		TWA (Respirable fraction)	4 mg/m3	GB EH40	
		TWA (inhalable dust)	10 mg/m3	GB EH40	
	Further information: For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected				

SAFETY DATA SHEET according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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	M re su co in ar le m pa pa re di ar di ar st	IDHS14/4 Ge espirable, the ubstance has oncentration halable dust my dust will b vels. Some of articles of a v articular part esponse that istinguishes nd 'respirable naterial that ev vallable for d o the fraction efinitions and ontain compo-	eneral methods for pracic and inhalable zardous to health in in air equal to or gr or 4 mg.m-3 8-hou be subject to COSH dusts have been as with the appropriate wide range of sizes icle after entry into it elicits, depend of two size fractions f e'., Inhalable dust a enters the nose and leposition in the res that penetrates to d explanatory mater onents that have th nplied with., Where	accordance with the methods sampling and gravimetric ana aerosols., The COSHH defin cludes dust of any kind when eater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour in TWA of respirable dust. This H if people are exposed to du signed specific WELs and exp elimits., Most industrial dusts . The behaviour, deposition at the human respiratory system in the nature and size of the pa or limit-setting purposes terms pproximates to the fraction of mouth during breathing and i piratory tract. Respirable dust the gas exchange region of th ial are given in MDHS14/4., V eir own assigned WEL, all the no specific short-term expose	lysis or iition of a present at a TWA of a means that ist above these contain nd fate of any a, and the body article. HSE ed 'inhalable' airborne s therefore approximates e lung. Fuller Vhere dusts relevant limits ure limit is listed,
	a	figure three	TWA (Respirable dust)	exposure limit should be use 4 mg/m3	GB EH40
	in wi M re su cc in ar le m pa re di ar m av to de cc st	halable dust hen samplin IDHS14/4 Ge espirable, the ubstance has oncentration halable dust ny dust will b evels. Some of aust comply w articles of a w articular part esponse that istinguishes that istinguishes that evailable for d o the fraction efinitions and ontain compo- hould be com	are those fractions g is undertaken in a eneral methods for pracic and inhalable zardous to health in in air equal to or gu or 4 mg.m-3 8-hou be subject to COSH dusts have been as with the appropriate wide range of sizes icle after entry into it elicits, depend of two size fractions f e'., Inhalable dust a enters the nose and leposition in the res that penetrates to d explanatory mater onents that have th nplied with., Where	oses of these limits, respirable of airborne dust which will be accordance with the methods sampling and gravimetric ana aerosols., The COSHH defin cludes dust of any kind when reater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour in TWA of respirable dust. This H if people are exposed to du signed specific WELs and exp elimits., Most industrial dusts . The behaviour, deposition at the human respiratory system in the nature and size of the pa or limit-setting purposes termed proximates to the fraction of mouth during breathing and i piratory tract. Respirable dust the gas exchange region of th rial are given in MDHS14/4., V eir own assigned WEL, all the no specific short-term expose	e collected described in lysis or ition of a present at a TWA of a means that ast above these contain nd fate of any a, and the body article. HSE ed 'inhalable' airborne s therefore a approximates e lung. Fuller Vhere dusts relevant limits ure limit is listed,
propa		7-63-0	TWA	400 ppm 999 mg/m3	GB EH40
			STEL	500 ppm 1,250 mg/m3	GB EH40



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ethanc)I	64-17-5	TWA	1,000 ppm 1,920 mg/m3	GB EH40
				pecific short-term exposure lin	
		figure three ti		exposure limit should be used	
silicon	dioxide	7631-86-9	TWA (inhalable	6 mg/m3	GB EH40
			dust)	(Silica) coses of these limits, respirabl	
		inhalable dus when samplir MDHS14/4 G respirable, the substance ha concentration inhalable dus any dust will b levels. Some must comply particles of a particular part response that distinguishes and 'respirabl material that e available for o to the fraction definitions an contain comp should be con	t are those fraction og is undertaken in eneral methods fo pracic and inhalabl zardous to health i in air equal to or g t or 4 mg.m-3 8-ho be subject to COSH dusts have been a with the appropriat wide range of size ticle after entry into ticle after entry into two size fractions e'., Inhalable dust enters the nose an deposition in the re that penetrates to d explanatory mate onents that have the mplied with., Where times the long-tern	as of airborne dust which will be accordance with the methods r sampling and gravimetric and e aerosols., The COSHH defin ncludes dust of any kind when preater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour ur TWA of respirable dust. Thi H if people are exposed to du ssigned specific WELs and ex e limits., Most industrial dusts s. The behaviour, deposition a o the human respiratory system on the nature and size of the p for limit-setting purposes term approximates to the fraction of d mouth during breathing and spiratory tract. Respirable dus the gas exchange region of the erial are given in MDHS14/4., Meeri own assigned WEL, all the erian ospecific short-term exposes m exposure limit should be use	e collected described in alysis or nition of a present at a TWA of s means that ust above thes posure to thes contain and fate of any n, and the boo article. HSE ed 'inhalable' f airborne is therefore t approximate he lung. Fuller Where dusts e relevant limit ure limit is liste
			TWA (Respirable dust)	2.4 mg/m3 (Silica)	GB EH40
		inhalable dus when samplir MDHS14/4 G respirable, the substance ha concentration inhalable dus any dust will b levels. Some must comply particles of a particular part response that distinguishes and 'respirabl material that a available for o	t are those fraction of is undertaken in eneral methods fo pracic and inhalabl zardous to health i in air equal to or g t or 4 mg.m-3 8-ho be subject to COSH dusts have been a with the appropriat wide range of size ticle after entry into t it elicits, depend of two size fractions e'., Inhalable dust enters the nose an deposition in the re	boses of these limits, respirables accordance with the methods r sampling and gravimetric anale e aerosols., The COSHH definincludes dust of any kind when greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour ur TWA of respirable dust. This H if people are exposed to dus ssigned specific WELs and exits the behaviour, deposition are on the nature and size of the p for limit-setting purposes term approximates to the fraction of d mouth during breathing and spiratory tract. Respirable dus the gas exchange region of the	e collected described in alysis or nition of a present at a TWA of s means that ust above thes posure to thes contain and fate of any n, and the boo article. HSE ed 'inhalable' f airborne is therefore t approximate



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definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/4., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
aluminium powder (stabilised)	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	3.72 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	3.72 mg/m3
	Consumers	Oral	Long-term systemic effects	3.95 mg/kg
propan-2-ol	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	888 mg/kg
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	500 mg/m3
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	26 mg/kg
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	319 mg/kg
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	89 mg/m3
ethanol	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	950 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	1900 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	343 mg/kg
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	114 mg/m3
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	206 mg/kg
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	87 mg/kg
silicon dioxide	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	4 mg/m3
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha	Workers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects	1500 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	300 mg/kg
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	300 mg/kg
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	300 mg/kg
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic	900 mg/m3



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				effects	
	ent naphtha oleum), light	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	150 mg/m3
		Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	25 mg/kg
		Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	11 mg/kg
		Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	32 mg/m3
		Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	11 mg/kg
		Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	11 mg/kg
	ethoxysilyl)propyl lenediamine	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	35.3 mg/m3
		Workers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	5 mg/kg
		Workers	Dermal	Acute systemic effects	5 mg/kg
		Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	8.7 mg/m3
		Consumers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	2.5 mg/kg
		Consumers	Dermal	Acute systemic effects	17 mg/kg
		Consumers	Oral	Long-term systemic effects	2.5 mg/kg

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
aluminium powder (stabilised)	Fresh water	0.0749 mg/l
	clarification plant	20 mg/l
propan-2-ol	Soil	28 mg/kg
	Fresh water	140.9 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	552 mg/kg
	Marine water	140.9 mg/l
	Marine sediment	552 mg/kg
	STP	2251 mg/l
ethanol	Fresh water	0.96 mg/l
	Marine water	0.79 mg/l
	Intermittent water release	2.75 mg/l
	STP	580 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	3.6 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	2.9 mg/kg
	Soil	0.63 mg/kg
	Secondary Poisoning	380 mg/kg
N-(3-	Fresh water	0.062 mg/l



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(trim amir	ethoxysilyl)propyl)ethyl ne	enedi	
	-	Marine wat	ter 0.0062 mg/l
		STP	25 mg/l
			er sediment 0.048 mg/kg
		Marine sec	
		Soil	0.0075 mg/kg
8.2 Expo	sure controls	·	
Pers	sonal protective equip	ment	
Eye	face protection	: Wear face-s problems.	hield and protective suit for abnormal processing
	d protection laterial		stant gloves (butyl-rubber)
F	temarks	concerning p special work contact). The the protectiv Please obse breakthroug gloves. Also conditions u danger of cu Recomment washed afte	f the information given by the producer permeability and break through times, and of splace conditions (mechanical strain, duration of e exact break through time can be obtained from ye glove producer and this has to be observed. erve the instructions regarding permeability and h time which are provided by the supplier of the o take into consideration the specific local inder which the product is used, such as the uts, abrasion, and the contact time. ded preventive skin protection Skin should be er contact. The suitability for a specific workplace iscussed with the producers of the protective
	and body protection	concentratio	

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form	: Pasty solid	
Colour	: silver	
Odour	: solvent-like	
Odour Threshold	: No data available	;



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Freezing point	: No data available	
Boiling point/boiling range	: 82 - 83 °C	
Flammability	: The substance or mixture is a flammable solid with the category 1.	
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	: No data available	
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	: No data available	
Flash point	: 13 °C	
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available	
Decomposition temperature	: No data available	
рН	: substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)	
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available	
Solubility(ies) Water solubility Solubility in other solvents	: insoluble : No data available	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: No data available	
Vapour pressure	: No data available	
Vapor Pressure for Compone propan-2-ol	nts: : 44 hPa (20 °C)	
ethanol	: 59 hPa (20 °C)	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha	: 240 kPa (37.8 °C)	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	: 2 hPa (20 °C)	
N-(3- (trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethy lenediamine	: 1.5 hPa (20 °C)	
Relative density	: No data available	
Density	: 1.3 - 2.0 g/cm3	



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Relative vapour density		: No data available		
Particle characteristics Particle Size Distribution		: No data available		
9.2 Other information				
Explosives		: Not expl Vapours	osive may form explosive mixture with air.	
Self-i	gnition	: not auto-flammable		
Misci	bility with water	: partly miscible		

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Mixture reacts slow hydrogen. Vapours may form	and alkalis may release hydrogen. wy with water resulting in evolution of explosive mixture with air. nmended storage conditions.
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10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : D

: Do not allow to dry.

Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5 Incompatible materials Materials to avoid

: Acids Bases Oxidizing agents Highly halogenated compounds

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

This information is not available.



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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Acute toxicity Not classified based on available information.					
Components:					
aluminium powder (stabilised) Acute inhalation toxicity :	: LC50 (Rat): > 5 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist				
propan-2-ol:					
Acute oral toxicity :	LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg				
Acute dermal toxicity :	LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg				
ethanol:					
Acute oral toxicity :	LD50 (Rat, male and female): 10,470 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 401				
Acute inhalation toxicity :	LC50 (Rat, male and female): 124.7 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapour Method: OECD Test Guideline 403				
	ated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg				
Acute inhalation toxicity :	LC50 (Rat): Test atmosphere: vapour Remarks: An LC50/inhalation/4h/rat could not be determined because no mortality of rats was observed at the maximum achievable concentration.				
Acute dermal toxicity :	LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg				
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	light arom.:				
	LD50 (Rat): 3,492 mg/kg				
Acute dermal toxicity :	LD50 (Rabbit): > 3,160 mg/kg				
N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)etl	nylen ediamine :				
Acute dermal toxicity :	LD50 (Rat): > 2 000 mg/kg				



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		corrosion/irritation			
	Not c	lassified based on ava	ilable	information.	
	<u>Prod</u> Rema		:	May cause ski	n irritation in susceptible persons.
	<u>Com</u>	oonents:			
	ethan	ol:			
	Resul Rema		:	No skin irritatio Based on avai	on lable data, the classification criteria are not met.
	Naph Resul		rotrea :	-	w boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha: osure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
	Solve Resul	ent naphtha (petroleu t	m), li :	-	osure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
				on Eye irritation	
	<u>Com</u>	oonents:			
	propa	an-2-ol:			
	Resul	t	:	Eye irritation	
	ethan	ol:			
	Resul Rema		:	Eye irritation Based on avai	lable data, the classification criteria are not met.
	N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propy	/l)eth	ylenediamine:	
	Resul	t	:	Corrosive	
	Resp	iratory or skin sensit	isatio	n	
		sensitisation lassified based on ava	ilable	information.	
	•	iratory sensitisation lassified based on ava	ilable	information.	



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Prod	uct:		
Resu	lt	: Does not cau	use skin sensitisation.
<u>Com</u>	ponents:		
N-(3-((trimethoxysilyl)prop	yl)ethylenediamine	:
Resu	lt	: The product	is a skin sensitiser, sub-category 1B.
	cell mutagenicity lassified based on ava	ailable information.	
<u>Com</u>	ponents:		
Germ	tha (petroleum), hyc cell mutagenicity- ssment	: Classified ba	ow boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha: ased on benzene content < 0.1% (Regulation (E Annex VI, Part 3, Note P)
Germ	ent naphtha (petroleu cell mutagenicity- ssment	: Classified ba	ased on benzene content < 0.1% (Regulation (E Annex VI, Part 3, Note P)
	nogenicity lassified based on ava	ailable information.	
<u>Com</u>	ponents:		
Naph	tha (petroleum), hyc	Irotreated heavy; L	ow boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha:
	nogenicity - ssment		ased on benzene content < 0.1% (Regulation (E Annex VI, Part 3, Note P)
Solve	ent naphtha (petroleu	ım), light arom.:	
Carci		: Classified ba	ased on benzene content < 0.1% (Regulation (E Annex VI, Part 3, Note P)
Carcin Asses Repro	nogenicity -	: Classified ba 1272/2008, A	
Carcin Asses Repro Not c STOT	nogenicity - ssment oductive toxicity	: Classified ba 1272/2008, A ailable information.	
Carcin Asses Repro Not c STOT May o	nogenicity - ssment oductive toxicity lassified based on ava Γ - single exposure	: Classified ba 1272/2008, A ailable information.	



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Solve	ent naphtha (petroleu	um), light arom.:	
Asses	ssment	: May cause resp	piratory irritation., May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediamine:

Assessment

: May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT - repeated exposure Not classified based on available information.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Further information

Product:

Remarks

Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.
 Concentrations substantially above the TLV value may cause narcotic effects.
 Solvents may degrease the skin.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available



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12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment

: This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available

12.7 Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological	:	No data available
information		

Components:

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha: Additional ecological : No data available information

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

European Waste Catalogue :	10 03 21 - other particulates and dust (including ball-mill dust) containing hazardous substances
13.1 Waste treatment methods	
Product :	Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Send to a licensed waste management company. In accordance with local and national regulations.
Contaminated packaging :	Empty remaining contents. Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers. Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum. In accordance with local and national regulations.



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SECTIO	ON 14: Transport infor	ma	tion				
OLOTIC		ma					
14.1 UN	number or ID number						
ADF	R	:	UN 1325				
IMDG		:	UN 1325				
IAT	Α	:	UN 1325				
14.2 UN	proper shipping name						
ADR		:	FLAMMABLE SOLID, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (Aluminium pigment paste)				
IMD	G	:	FLAMMABLE \$ (Aluminium pig	SOLID, ORGANIC, N.O.S. ment paste)			
IAT	A	:	Flammable soli (Aluminium pig	d, organic, n.o.s. ment paste)			
14.3 Tra	nsport hazard class(es)						
			Class	Subsidiary risks			
ADF	R	:	4.1				
IMD	G	:	4.1				
IAT	A	:	4.1				
14.4 Pac	king group						
Clas Haz Lab	king group ssification Code ard Identification Number	: : :	II F1 40 4.1 (E)				
Lab Em:	king group	::	ll 4.1 F-G, S-G	gregation group 15 - Powdered metals			
Pac airc Pac	A (Cargo) king instruction (cargo raft) king instruction (LQ) king group els	: : :	448 Y441 II 4.1				
Pac	A (Passenger) king instruction ssenger aircraft)	:	445				



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Packing instruction (LQ) Packing group Labels		:	Y441 II 4.1	
14.5 Environmental hazards				
ADR Enviro	onmentally hazardous	:	no	
IMDG Marin	i e pollutant	:	no	

14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Relevant EU provisions transposed through retained EU law

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles (Annex XVII)	:	Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be considered: aluminium powder (stabilised) (Number on list 40) propan-2-ol (Number on list 3) ethanol (Number on list 3) Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha (Number on list 3) Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (Number on list 3) N-(3- (trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediami ne (Number on list 3)
UK REACH Candidate list of substances of very high concern (SVHC) for Authorisation	:	Not applicable
The Persistent Organic Pollutants Regulations (retained Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 as amended for Great Britain)	:	Not applicable
Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer	:	Not applicable



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UK REACH List of substances subject to authorisation : Not applicable (Annex XIV)

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No data available

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements	Full te	xt of	H-Stat	tements
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:	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
:	Flammable liquid and vapour.
:	Flammable solid.
:	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
:	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
:	Causes serious eye damage.
:	Causes serious eye irritation.
:	May cause respiratory irritation.
:	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
:	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
:	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of other abbreviations

Aquatic Chronic	:	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Asp. Tox.	:	Aspiration hazard
Eye Dam.	:	Serious eye damage
Eye Irrit.	:	Eye irritation
Flam. Liq.	:	Flammable liquids
Flam. Sol.	:	Flammable solids
Skin Sens.	:	Skin sensitisation
STOT SE	:	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
GB EH40	:	UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits
GB EH40 / TWA	:	Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)
GB EH40 / STEL	:	Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period)

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO -



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International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO -International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration: NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID -Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Classification of the mixture:		Classification procedure:
Flam. Sol. 1	H228	Based on product data or assessment
Eye Irrit. 2	H319	Calculation method
STOT SE 3	H336	Calculation method

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

GB / EN