according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

C ECKART

SYMIC PCE A393

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Print Date: 02.12.2024

4.0 13.02.2023 102000031971 Date of first issue: 11.09.2019

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : SYMIC PCE A393

Product code : 025448ML0

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the : Colouring agents, pigments

Substance/Mixture

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : ECKART GmbH

Guentersthal 4 91235 Hartenstein

Telephone : +499152770

Telefax : +499152777008

E-mail address of person

responsible for the SDS

: msds.eckart@altana.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

NCEC: +44 1235 239670 (Europe)

Call and response in your language is possible.

Contract no.: ECKART29003-NCEC.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Not a dangerous substance according to GHS.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Not a hazardous substance or mixture according to the Globally Harmonised System (GHS).

Additional Labelling

EUH210 Safety data sheet available on request.

EUH212 Warning! Hazardous respirable dust may be formed when used. Do not breathe

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

C ECKART

SYMIC PCE A393

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Print Date: 02.12.2024

4.0 13.02.2023 102000031971 Date of first issue: 11.09.2019

dust.

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	ClassificationREGUL	Concentration		
	EC-No.	ATION (EC) No	(% w/w)		
	Index-No.	1272/2008			
	Registration number				
Substances with a workplace exposure limit:					
Fluorphlogopite	12003-38-2		>= 25 - < 50		
(Mg3K[AIF2O(SiO3)3])					
	234-426-5				
	01-2119971065-37				

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Do not leave the victim unattended.

If inhaled : If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical

advice.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of skin contact : Wash off with soap and water.

In case of eye contact : Remove contact lenses.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Keep respiratory tract clear.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

None known.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

C ECKART

SYMIC PCE A393

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Print Date: 02.12.2024

4.0 13.02.2023 102000031971 Date of first issue: 11.09.2019

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Not combustible.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

This information is not available.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment:

for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if

necessary.

Further information : Standard procedure for chemical fires.

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local

circumstances and the surrounding environment.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Avoid dust formation.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : No special environmental precautions required.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust.

Sweep up and shovel.

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : For personal protection see section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the

application area.

Advice on protection against

fire and explosion

Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust

is formed.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

C ECKART

SYMIC PCE A393

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Print Date: 02.12.2024

4.0 13.02.2023 102000031971 Date of first issue: 11.09.2019

Hygiene measures General industrial hygiene practice.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Electrical installations / working materials must comply with

the technological safety standards.

No materials to be especially mentioned. Advice on common storage

Further information on

Keep in a dry place. No decomposition if stored and applied as directed. storage stability

7.3 Specific end use(s)

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis	
titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	TWA (inhalable dust)	10 mg/m3	GB EH40	
	Further information: For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/4 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis or respirable, thoracic and inhalable aerosols., The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed to dust above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limits., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system, and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'., Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/4., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.				
	9	TWA (Inhalable)	10 mg/m3	GB EH40	
		TWA (Respirable dust)	4 mg/m3	GB EH40	
	Further information: For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in				

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



SYMIC PCE A393

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Print Date: 02.12.2024

4.0 13.02.2023 102000031971 Date of first issue: 11.09.2019

MDHS14/4 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis or respirable, thoracic and inhalable aerosols., The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed to dust above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limits., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system, and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'.. Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/4., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with. Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed. a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.

TWA (Respirable 4 mg/m3 GB EH40 fraction) Fluorphlogopite 12003-38-2 TWA 2.5 mg/m3 2000/39/EC (Mg3K[AIF2O(SiO (Fluorine) 3)3]) Further information: Indicative diiron trioxide 1309-37-1 TWA (Inhalable) 10 mg/m3 GB EH40 TWA (Respirable 4 mg/m3 GB EH40 fraction) TWA (inhalable 10 mg/m3 GB EH40 dust)

> Further information: For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/4 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis or respirable, thoracic and inhalable aerosols., The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed to dust above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limits., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system, and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle, HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'., Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/4., Where dusts

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



SYMIC PCE A393

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Print Date: 02.12.2024

4.0 13.02.2023 102000031971 Date of first issue: 11.09.2019

ı					
	contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits				
	should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.				
C	a rigule trilee		4 mg/m3	GB EH40	
		TWA (Respirable dust)	4 mg/ms	GD EH40	
 	- unthan infamo	/	and of these limits, recalirable	dust and	
			ses of these limits, respirable		
	inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in				
N	MDHS14/4 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis or				
r	espirable, the	racic and inhalable a	aerosols., The COSHH defini	ition of a	
s	substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a				
C	concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of				
	inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that				
	any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed to dust above these				
	levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these				
	must comply with the appropriate limits., Most industrial dusts contain				
	particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any				
	particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system, and the body				
	response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE				
	distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable'				
	and 'respirable'., Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne				
	material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore				
	available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates				
	to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller				
	definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/4., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits				
	should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed,				
			exposure limit should be use		
١ -	a riguio tilico	annos the long term	expectate tittit erledia be deci	۷.	

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
Fluorphlogopite (Mg3K[AIF2O(SiO3)3]	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	62.5 mg/kg

8.2 Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection : Safety glasses Skin and body protection : Protective suit

Respiratory protection : No personal respiratory protective equipment normally

required.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : powder

Colour : gold

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

C ECKART

SYMIC PCE A393

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Print Date: 02.12.2024

4.0 13.02.2023 102000031971 Date of first issue: 11.09.2019

Odour : characteristic

Odour Threshold : No data available

Freezing point : No data available

Boiling point/boiling range : No data available

Flammability : Will not burn

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Flash point : No data available

Auto-ignition temperature : Not relevant

Decomposition temperature : No data available

pH : substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : insoluble

Solubility in other solvents : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

No data available

Vapour pressure : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : No data available

Relative vapour density : No data available

Particle Size Distribution

9.2 Other information

No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

C ECKART

SYMIC PCE A393

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Print Date: 02.12.2024

4.0 13.02.2023 102000031971 Date of first issue: 11.09.2019

10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Stable under recommended storage conditions.

No hazards to be specially mentioned.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : No data available

10.5 Incompatible materials

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

This information is not available.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

C ECKART

SYMIC PCE A393

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Print Date: 02.12.2024

4.0 13.02.2023 102000031971 Date of first issue: 11.09.2019

11.2 Information on other hazards

Further information

Product:

Remarks : No data available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

No data available

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered

to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available

12.7 Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological

: No data available

information

Components:

Fluorphlogopite (Mg3K[AIF2O(SiO3)3]):

Additional ecological

information

: No data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste

handling site for recycling or disposal.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

C ECKART

SYMIC PCE A393

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Print Date: 02.12.2024

4.0 13.02.2023 102000031971 Date of first issue: 11.09.2019

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA : Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA : Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.4 Packing group

ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA (Cargo) : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA (Passenger) : Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.5 Environmental hazards

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.6 Special precautions for user

Remarks : Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport

regulations.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Relevant EU provisions transposed through retained EU law

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on : Not applicable

the market and use of certain dangerous substances,

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

C ECKART

SYMIC PCE A393

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Print Date: 02.12.2024

4.0 13.02.2023 102000031971 Date of first issue: 11.09.2019

mixtures and articles (Annex XVII)

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that : Not applicable

deplete the ozone laver

UK REACH List of substances subject to authorisation : Not applicable

(Annex XIV)

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No data available

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements

Full text of other abbreviations

2000/39/EC : Europe. Commission Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first

list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

GB EH40 : UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits

2000/39/EC / TWA : Limit Value - eight hours

GB EH40 / TWA : Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AllC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN -Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx -Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA -International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO -International Maritime Organization: ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan): ISO -International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID -Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

C ECKART

SYMIC PCE A393

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Print Date: 02.12.2024

4.0 13.02.2023 102000031971 Date of first issue: 11.09.2019

Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

GB / EN