

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



## STAPA BG HYDROLAN 2154 Aluminium Paste

Version 2.0      Revision Date: 02.12.2019      SDS Number: 102000000187      Print Date: 07.08.2020  
Date of first issue: 02.01.2014

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### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : STAPA BG HYDROLAN 2154 Aluminium Paste  
Product code : 007497GD0

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

This information is not available.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company :

E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS : msds.eckart@altana.com

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

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### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

##### Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Acute toxicity, Category 4	H302: Harmful if swallowed.
Acute toxicity, Category 4	H332: Harmful if inhaled.
Skin irritation, Category 2	H315: Causes skin irritation.
Eye irritation, Category 2	H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

#### 2.2 Label elements

##### Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H302 + H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.  
H315 Causes skin irritation.  
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

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Precautionary statements : **Prevention:**  
P264      Wash skin thoroughly after handling.  
P270      Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
P280      Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.  
**Response:**  
P312      Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.  
P332 + P313      If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.  
P337 + P313      If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.  
**Storage:**  
P403 + P235      Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.  
**Disposal:**  
P501      Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

2-butoxyethanol

### 2.3 Other hazards

Combustible Solids

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.2 Mixtures

#### Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration number	Classification REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008	Concentration (% w/w)
aluminium powder (stabilised)	7429-90-5 231-072-3 01-2119529243-45	Flam. Sol. 1; H228	>= 50 - <= 100
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2 203-905-0 01-2119475108-36	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Acute Tox. 4; H312 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319	>= 25 - < 50

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

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### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

- General advice : Move the victim to fresh air.  
Do not leave the victim unattended.
- Move out of dangerous area.  
Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
- If inhaled : If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.  
If symptoms persist, call a physician.
- In case of skin contact : Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water.
- If skin irritation persists, call a physician.  
If on skin, rinse well with water.  
If on clothes, remove clothes.
- In case of eye contact : Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water.
- Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water.  
Remove contact lenses.  
Keep eye wide open while rinsing.  
If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.
- If swallowed : Keep respiratory tract clear.  
Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.  
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.  
If symptoms persist, call a physician.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- Risks : Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.  
Causes skin irritation.  
Causes serious eye irritation.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

This information is not available.

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### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : Dry sand  
Special powder against metal fire
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : Water  
Foam  
ABC powder  
Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)
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### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters : Use personal protective equipment.

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

Further information : Standard procedure for chemical fires.  
Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

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## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Evacuate personnel to safe areas.  
Use personal protective equipment.  
Remove all sources of ignition.  
Use personal protective equipment.  
Avoid dust formation.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.  
If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Use mechanical handling equipment.  
Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).

Do not flush with water.  
Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8.

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## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.  
Avoid dust formation.  
Ensure adequate ventilation.

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Avoid formation of respirable particles.  
Do not breathe vapours/dust.  
Avoid contact with skin and eyes.  
For personal protection see section 8.  
Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.  
Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national regulations.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion : Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Earthing of containers and apparatuses is essential.

Avoid dust formation.

Hygiene measures : When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers : Store in original container. Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Observe label precautions. Electrical installations / working materials must comply with the technological safety standards.

Further information on storage conditions : Protect from humidity and water. Do not allow to dry.

Advice on common storage : Do not store together with oxidizing and self-igniting products. Never allow product to get in contact with water during storage. Keep away from oxidizing agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Further information on storage stability : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

This information is not available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
aluminium powder (stabilised)	7429-90-5	TWA (Inhalable)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	GB EH40
Further information	The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of			

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	any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m <sup>-3</sup> 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m <sup>-3</sup> 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed to dust above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limits., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.			
	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>TWA (Respirable)</td> <td>4 mg/m<sup>3</sup></td> <td>GB EH40</td> </tr> </table>	TWA (Respirable)	4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	GB EH40
TWA (Respirable)	4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	GB EH40		
Further information	The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m <sup>-3</sup> 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m <sup>-3</sup> 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed to dust above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limits., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.			
	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>TWA (inhalable dust)</td> <td>10 mg/m<sup>3</sup></td> <td>GB EH40</td> </tr> </table>	TWA (inhalable dust)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	GB EH40
TWA (inhalable dust)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	GB EH40		
Further information	For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/4 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis or respirable, thoracic and inhalable aerosols, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m <sup>-3</sup> 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m <sup>-3</sup> 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed to dust above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limits., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system, and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'., Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/4., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.			
	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>TWA (Respirable dust)</td> <td>4 mg/m<sup>3</sup></td> <td>GB EH40</td> </tr> </table>	TWA (Respirable dust)	4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	GB EH40
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	<p>inhalable dust or 4 mg.m<sup>-3</sup> 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed to dust above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limits., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system, and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'. Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/4., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.</p>			
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	TWA	20 ppm 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2000/39/EC
Further information	Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative			
		STEL	50 ppm 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2000/39/EC
Further information	Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative			
		TWA	25 ppm	GB EH40
Further information	Can be absorbed through the skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.			
		STEL	50 ppm	GB EH40
Further information	Can be absorbed through the skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.			
silicon dioxide	7631-86-9	TWA (inhalable dust)	6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Silica)	GB EH40
Further information	<p>For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/4 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis or respirable, thoracic and inhalable aerosols, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m<sup>-3</sup> 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m<sup>-3</sup> 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed to dust above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limits., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system, and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'. Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region</p>			

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	of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/4., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.		
	TWA (Respirable dust)	2.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Silica)	GB EH40
Further information	For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/4 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis or respirable, thoracic and inhalable aerosols, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m <sup>-3</sup> 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m <sup>-3</sup> 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed to dust above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limits., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system, and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'. Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/4., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.		

### Biological occupational exposure limits

Substance name	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Sampling time	Basis
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	butoxyacetic acid: 240 Millimoles per mole Creatinine (Urine)	After shift	GB EH40 BAT

### Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
2-butoxyethanol	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	98 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Workers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects	1091 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	125 mg/kg
	Workers	Skin contact	Acute systemic effects	89 mg/kg
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	59 mg/m <sup>3</sup>



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	Consumers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects	426 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	75 mg/kg
	Consumers	Skin contact	Acute systemic effects	89 mg/kg
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	6.3 mg/kg
	Consumers	Ingestion	Acute systemic effects	26.7 mg/kg

### Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
2-butoxyethanol	Fresh water	8.8 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	34.6 mg/kg
	Marine water	0.88 mg/l
	Marine sediment	3.46 mg/kg
	STP	463 mg/l
	Soil	2.33 mg/kg
	Sporadic Release	26.4 mg/l
	Secondary Poisoning	20 mg/kg

### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Personal protective equipment

Eye protection : Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing problems.

Hand protection

Material : Solvent-resistant gloves

Remarks

: Take note of the information given by the producer concerning permeability and break through times, and of special workplace conditions (mechanical strain, duration of contact). The exact break through time can be obtained from the protective glove producer and this has to be observed. Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time. Recommended preventive skin protection Skin should be washed after contact. The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves.

Skin and body protection

: Long sleeved clothing  
Safety shoes  
Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

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Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Respiratory protection : Use suitable breathing protection if workplace concentration requires.

### Environmental exposure controls

Water : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.

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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	: Pasty solid
Colour	: silver
Odour	: characteristic
Odour Threshold	: No data available
pH	: No data available
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point/boiling range	: 171 °C
Flash point	: 65 °C
Evaporation rate	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Combustible Solids
Self-ignition	: not auto-flammable
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Smoldering temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Explosive properties	: Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	: No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	: No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower	: No data available

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flammability limit

Vapour pressure : No data available

Relative vapour density : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : No data available

Bulk density : No data available

Water solubility : No data available

Solubility in other solvents : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity, dynamic : No data available

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Flow time : No data available

### 9.2 Other information

No data available

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## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Reacts with alkalis, acids, halogenes and oxidizing agents.  
Contact with acids and alkalis may release hydrogen.  
Mixture reacts slowly with water resulting in evolution of hydrogen.  
Vapour/air-mixtures are explosive at intense warming.

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Do not allow to dry.

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No data available

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Acids  
Bases  
Oxidizing agents  
Highly halogenated compounds

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Contact with water or humid air : This information is not available.

Thermal decomposition : This information is not available.

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## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

#### Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 1,250 mg/kg  
Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 3.75 mg/l  
Exposure time: 4 h  
Test atmosphere: dust/mist  
Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg  
Method: Calculation method

#### Components:

##### aluminium powder (stabilised):

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5 mg/l  
Exposure time: 4 h  
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

##### 2-butoxyethanol:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 500 mg/kg  
Method: Converted acute toxicity point estimate

Acute inhalation toxicity : > 3.1 mg/l  
Exposure time: 1 h  
Test atmosphere: vapour

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Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 1,100 mg/kg  
Method: Converted acute toxicity point estimate

Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after single contact with skin.

### **Skin corrosion/irritation**

Causes skin irritation.

#### **Product:**

Remarks: May cause skin irritation in susceptible persons.

### **Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Causes serious eye irritation.

#### **Product:**

Remarks: Eye irritation

### **Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

#### **Skin sensitisation**

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

#### **STOT - single exposure**

Not classified based on available information.

#### **STOT - repeated exposure**

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

### **Further information**

#### **Product:**

Remarks: No data available

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### SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1 Toxicity

No data available

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

##### Product:

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher..

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects

##### Product:

Additional ecological information : No data available

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### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

European Waste Catalogue : 12 01 04 - non-ferrous metal dust and particles  
European Waste Catalogue : 10 03 21 - other particulates and dust (including ball-mill dust) containing hazardous substances

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : Do not dispose of waste into sewer.  
Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container.  
Send to a licensed waste management company.  
In accordance with local and national regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents.  
Dispose of as unused product.  
Do not re-use empty containers.  
In accordance with local and national regulations.

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### SECTION 14: Transport information

#### 14.1 UN number

#### 14.2 UN proper shipping name

#### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

#### 14.4 Packing group

#### 14.5 Environmental hazards

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

Remarks : Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

#### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

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### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation (Article 59) : Not applicable

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

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### SECTION 16: Other information

#### Full text of H-Statements

H228 : Flammable solid.  
H302 : Harmful if swallowed.  
H312 : Harmful in contact with skin.  
H315 : Causes skin irritation.  
H319 : Causes serious eye irritation.  
H332 : Harmful if inhaled.

#### Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity  
Eye Irrit. : Eye irritation  
Flam. Sol. : Flammable solids  
Skin Irrit. : Skin irritation  
2000/39/EC : Europe. Commission Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values  
GB EH40 : UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits  
GB EH40 BAT : UK. Biological monitoring guidance values  
2000/39/EC / TWA : Limit Value - eight hours

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# SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



## STAPA BG HYDROLAN 2154 Aluminium Paste

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2000/39/EC / STEL : Short term exposure limit  
GB EH40 / TWA : Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)  
GB EH40 / STEL : Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period)

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### Further information

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

GB / EN