according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



# Metallic Paint Copper 25 I

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Print Date: 16.04.2024

102000024355 Date of first issue: 31.03.2016 6.0 13.02.2023

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name Metallic Paint Copper 25 I

Product code 08227328V

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the : Colorant; Printing ink related material; Printing ink, Colouring

Substance/Mixture agents, dyes

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**ECKART GmbH** Company

> Guentersthal 4 91235 Hartenstein

Telephone : +499152770

**Telefax** : +499152777008

E-mail address of person

responsible for the SDS

: msds.eckart@altana.com

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

NCEC: +44 1235 239670 (Europe)

Call and response in your language is possible.

Contract no.: ECKART29003-NCEC.

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Flammable liquids, Category 3 H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

Acute toxicity, Category 4 H302: Harmful if swallowed. Skin irritation, Category 2 H315: Causes skin irritation. Eye irritation, Category 2 H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - single H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

exposure, Category 3, Central nervous

system

Specific target organ toxicity - single

exposure, Category 3, Respiratory

system

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard,

Category 1

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.



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Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting

Category 1 effects.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms :







Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H302 Harmful if swallowed. H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
 H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting

effects.

Precautionary statements : P101 If medical advice is needed, have product

container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks,

open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated

area.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Response:

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical

or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

P391 Collect spillage.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an

approved waste disposal plant.

#### Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

Copper Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. n-butyl acetate xylene butan-1-ol

#### **Additional Labelling**

EUH208 Contains maleic anhydride. May produce an allergic reaction.

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Reduced Labelling (<= 125 ml)

Hazard pictograms :







Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements : P101 If medical advice is needed, have

product container or label at hand. Keep out of reach of children.

P102 **Prevention:** 

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-

ventilated area.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an

approved waste disposal plant.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

Copper

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.

n-butyl acetate

xylene

butan-1-ol

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.2 Mixtures

#### Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	ClassificationREGUL	Concentration
	EC-No.	ATION (EC) No	(% w/w)
	Index-No.	1272/2008	
	Registration number		
Copper	7440-50-8	Acute Tox. 4; H302	>= 20 - < 25
		Eye Irrit. 2; H319	
	231-159-6	Aquatic Acute 1;	
	01-2119480154-42	H400	
		Aquatic Chronic 1;	
		H410	

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1	1	1	
		M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 10 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 10	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	64742-95-6 918-668-5	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 STOT SE 3; H336 (Central nervous system) STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system) Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	>= 10 - < 20
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4 204-658-1 607-025-00-1 01-2119485493-29	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 STOT SE 3; H336 (Central nervous system) EUH066	>= 10 - < 20
xylene	1330-20-7 215-535-7 601-022-00-9	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Acute Tox. 4; H312 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system) STOT RE 2; H373 (Central nervous system) Asp. Tox. 1; H304	>= 1 - < 10
butan-1-ol	71-36-3 200-751-6 603-004-00-6 01-2119484630-38	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Acute Tox. 4; H302 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Dam. 1; H318 STOT SE 3; H336 (Central nervous system) STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system)	>= 1 - < 3
maleic anhydride	108-31-6 203-571-6 607-096-00-9 01-2119472428-31	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Skin Corr. 1B; H314 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Resp. Sens. 1; H334 Skin Sens. 1; H372 STOT RE 1; H372 specific concentration limit Skin Sens. 1A; H317 >= 0.001 %	< 0.001

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Skin Sens. 1A; H317 >= 0.001 %

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Move the victim to fresh air.

Move out of dangerous area.

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled : Consult a physician after significant exposure.

If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical

advice.

In case of skin contact : Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water.

If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

If on skin, rinse well with water. If on clothes, remove clothes.

In case of eye contact : Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water.

Remove contact lenses.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Keep respiratory tract clear.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Risks : Harmful if swallowed.

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation.
May cause respiratory irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

This information is not available.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Special powder against metal fire

Dry sand

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ABC powder

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Water

High volume water jet Carbon dioxide (CO2)

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during

firefighting

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment:

for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Further information : Standard procedure for chemical fires.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. For safety reasons in case of fire, cans should be stored

separately in closed containments.

Use a water spray to cool fully closed containers.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Use personal protective equipment. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Prevent product from entering drains.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

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#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Use mechanical handling equipment.

Pick up and transfer to properly labelled containers.

Do not flush with water.

Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to

local / national regulations (see section 13).

Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to

local / national regulations (see section 13).

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Avoid formation of aerosol.

Do not breathe vapours/dust.

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. For personal protection see section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the

application area.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Open drum carefully as content may be under pressure. Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national

regulations.

Advice on protection against

fire and explosion

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. No smoking.

Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapours). Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Hygiene measures : General industrial hygiene practice.

When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Do not store near combustible materials. Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. To maintain product

quality, do not store in heat or direct sunlight.

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No smoking. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Electrical installations / working materials must comply with

the technological safety standards.

Further information on storage conditions

: Protect from humidity and water.

Advice on common storage : Keep away from oxidizing agents, strongly alkaline and

strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions. Do not store together with oxidizing and self-igniting products.

Dampness : Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Further information on

storage stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Copper	7440-50-8	TWA (Fumes)	0.2 mg/m3 (Copper)	GB EH40
		TWA (Dusts and mists)	1 mg/m3 (Copper)	GB EH40
		STEL (Dusts and mists)	2 mg/m3 (Copper)	GB EH40
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	TWA	150 ppm 724 mg/m3	GB EH40
		STEL	200 ppm 966 mg/m3	GB EH40
		STEL	150 ppm 723 mg/m3	2019/1831/E U
	Further infor	mation: Indicative		
		TWA	50 ppm 241 mg/m3	2019/1831/E U
	Further infor	mation: Indicative		
xylene	1330-20-7	TWA	50 ppm 221 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
	Further infor skin, Indicati		possibility of significant u	ptake through the
		STEL	100 ppm 442 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
	Further infor	mation: Identifies the	possibility of significant u	ptake through the

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	skin, Indicativ	e			
		TWA	50 ppm	GB EH40	
			220 mg/m3		
	Further inforr	nation: Can be abso	orbed through the skin. The	assigned	
	substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption				
	lead to syster	lead to systemic toxicity.			
		STEL	100 ppm 441 mg/m3	GB EH40	
			orbed through the skin. The		
	lead to system		nere are concerns that dern	nal absorption will	
butan-1-ol	71-36-3	STEL	50 ppm 154 mg/m3	GB EH40	
	Further inforr	nation: Can be abso	orbed through the skin. The	assigned	
			here are concerns that dern	_	
	lead to system			•	
silicon dioxide	7631-86-9	TWA (inhalable	6 mg/m3	GB EH40	
		dust)	(Silica)		
	Further inforr	nation: For the purp	oses of these limits, respira	ble dust and	
			of airborne dust which will		
	when sampling	ng is undertaken in a	accordance with the method	ds described in	
	MDHS14/4 G	eneral methods for	sampling and gravimetric a	nalysis or	
	respirable, the	oracic and inhalable	aerosols., The COSHH de	finition of a	
	substance ha	zardous to health in	cludes dust of any kind who	en present at a	
	concentration	in air equal to or gi	reater than 10 mg.m-3 8-ho	ur TWA of	
	inhalable dus	t or 4 mg.m-3 8-hou	r TWA of respirable dust. T	his means that	
	any dust will l	be subject to COSH	H if people are exposed to	dust above these	
	levels. Some	levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to thes			
	must comply with the appropriate limits., Most industrial dusts contain				
	particles of a	wide range of sizes	. The behaviour, deposition	n and fate of any	
	particular par	ticle after entry into	the human respiratory syst	em, and the body	
	response that	t it elicits, depend or	n the nature and size of the	particle. HSE	
	distinguishes	two size fractions f	or limit-setting purposes ter	med 'inhalable'	
	and 'respirab	le'., Inhalable dust a	pproximates to the fraction	of airborne	
	material that	enters the nose and	mouth during breathing an	d is therefore	
	available for	deposition in the res	piratory tract. Respirable d	ust approximates	
	to the fraction	that penetrates to	the gas exchange region of	the lung. Fuller	
	definitions an	d explanatory mater	ial are given in MDHS14/4.	, Where dusts	
	contain comp	onents that have th	eir own assigned WEL, all t	he relevant limits	
			no specific short-term expo		
	a figure three	times the long-term	n exposure limit should be u	ised.	
		TWA (Respirable		GB EH40	
		dust)	(Silica)		
			oses of these limits, respira		
			s of airborne dust which will		
			accordance with the method		
			sampling and gravimetric a		
			aerosols., The COSHH de		
			cludes dust of any kind whe		
			eater than 10 mg.m-3 8-ho		
	I the break all and all the	t or 4 mg.m-3 8-hou			

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maleic anhydride	any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed to dust above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limits., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system, and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'., Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/4., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.
maleic arinyunue	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Further information: Substances that can cause occupational asthma (also known as asthmagens and respiratory sensitisers) can induce a state of specific airway hyper-responsiveness via an immunological irritant or other mechanism. Once the airways have become hyper-responsive, further exposure to the substance, sometimes even in tiny quantities, may cause respiratory symptoms. These symptoms can range in severity from a runny nose to asthma. Not all workers who are exposed to a sensitiser will become hyper-responsive and it is impossible to identify in advance those who are likely to become hyper-responsive. Substances that can cause occupational asthma should be distinguished from substances which may trigger the symptoms of asthma in people with pre-existing airway hyper-responsiveness, but which do not include the disease themselves. The latter substances are not classified as asthmagens or respiratory sensitisers. Further information can be found in the HSE publication Asthmagen? Critical assessments of the evidence for agents implicated in occupational asthma., Wherever it is reasonably practicable, exposure to substances that can cause occupational asthma should be prevented. Where this is not possible, the primary aim is to apply adequate standards of control to prevent workers from becoming hyper-responsive. For substances that can cause occupational asthma, COSHH requires that exposure be reduced to as low as is reasonably practicable. Activities giving rise to short-term peak concentrations should receive particular attention when risk management is being considered. Health surveillance is appropriate for all employees exposed or liable to be exposed to a substance which may cause occupational asthma and there should be appropriate consultation with an occupational asthma and there should be appropriate consultation with an occupational asthma and there should be appropriate consultation in the list of WELs has been assigned only to those substances which may cause occupational asthma in the categorie
	STEL 3 mg/m3 GB EH40
	Further information: Substances that can cause occupational asthma (also known as asthmagens and respiratory sensitisers) can induce a state of specific airway hyper-responsiveness via an immunological irritant or other mechanism. Once the airways have become hyper-responsive, further

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exposure to the substance, sometimes even in tiny quantities, may cause respiratory symptoms. These symptoms can range in severity from a runny nose to asthma. Not all workers who are exposed to a sensitiser will become hyper-responsive and it is impossible to identify in advance those who are likely to become hyper-responsive. Substances that can cause occupational asthma should be distinguished from substances which may trigger the symptoms of asthma in people with pre-existing airway hyper-responsiveness, but which do not include the disease themselves. The latter substances are not classified as asthmagens or respiratory sensitisers. Further information can be found in the HSE publication Asthmagen? Critical assessments of the evidence for agents implicated in occupational asthma., Wherever it is reasonably practicable, exposure to substances that can cause occupational asthma should be prevented. Where this is not possible, the primary aim is to apply adequate standards of control to prevent workers from becoming hyperresponsive. For substances that can cause occupational asthma, COSHH requires that exposure be reduced to as low as is reasonably practicable. Activities giving rise to short-term peak concentrations should receive particular attention when risk management is being considered. Health surveillance is appropriate for all employees exposed or liable to be exposed to a substance which may cause occupational asthma and there should be appropriate consultation with an occupational health professional over the degree of risk and level of surveillance. Capable of causing occupational asthma., The 'Sen' notation in the list of WELs has been assigned only to those substances which may cause occupational asthma in the categories shown in Table 1. It should be remembered that other substances not in these tables may cause occupational asthma. HSE's asthma web pages (www.hse.gov.uk/asthma) provide further information.

#### Biological occupational exposure limits

Substance name	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Sampling time	Basis
xylene	1330-20-7	methyl hippuric acid: 650 Millimoles per mole Creatinine (Urine)	After shift	GB EH40 BAT

#### Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health	Value
			effects	
Copper	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic	137 mg/kg
			effects	
	Workers	Skin contact	Acute systemic	273 mg/kg
			effects	
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic	20 mg/m3
			effects	
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local	1 mg/m3
			effects	
	Consumers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	1 mg/m3
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic	137 mg/kg
			effects	
	Consumers	Skin contact	Acute systemic	273 mg/kg
			effects	

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	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	0.041 mg/kg
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	150 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	25 mg/kg
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	11 mg/kg
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	32 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	11 mg/kg
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	11 mg/kg
n-butyl acetate	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	300 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects	960 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	300 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	600 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	7 mg/kg
	Workers	Skin contact	Acute systemic effects	11 mg/kg
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	35.7 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects	300 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	35.7 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	300 mg/m3
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	3.4 mg/kg
	Consumers	Skin contact	Acute systemic effects	6 mg/kg
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	2 mg/kg
	Consumers	Ingestion	Acute systemic effects	2 mg/kg
xylene	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	221 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	77 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects	289 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	289 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	180 mg/kg
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local	65.3 mg/m3

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			effects	
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	14.8 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects	174 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	174 mg/m3
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	108 mg/kg
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	1.6 mg/kg
butan-1-ol	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	310 mg/m3
	Workers	Oral	Long-term systemic effects	3.125 mg/kg
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	55.357 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	55 mg/m3
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	3.125 mg/kg
	Consumers	Oral	Long-term systemic effects	1.5625 mg/kg
maleic anhydride	Workers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects	0.8 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	0.8 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	long term – systemic and local effects	0.4 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	long term – systemic and local effects	0.04 mg/kg
	Workers	Skin contact	Acute systemic effects	0.04 mg/kg

# Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
Copper	Fresh water	0.0078 mg/l
	Marine water	0.0052 mg/l
	STP	0.230 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	87 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	676 mg/kg
	Soil	65 mg/kg
n-butyl acetate	Fresh water	0.18 mg/l
	Marine water	0.018 mg/l
	STP	35.6 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment 0.981	
	Marine sediment	0.098 mg/kg
	Soil	0.0903 mg/kg
xylene	Fresh water	0.327 mg/l
	Marine water	0.327 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dry

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		weight (d.w.)
	Marine sediment	12.46 mg/kg dry
		weight (d.w.)
	Soil	2.31 mg/kg dry
		weight (d.w.)
	STP	6.58 mg/l
	periodical release	0.327 mg/l
butan-1-ol	Fresh water	0.082 mg/l
	Marine water	0.0082 mg/l
	Intermittent Release	2.25 mg/l
	STP	2476 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	0.178 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	0.0178 mg/kg
	Soil	0.015 mg/kg
maleic anhydride	Fresh water	0.04281 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	0.344 mg/kg
	Marine water	0.004281 mg/l
	Marine sediment	0.0334 mg/kg
	Soil	0.0415 mg/l
	periodical release	0.4281 mg/l
	STP	44.6 mg/l

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection : Safety glasses

Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing

problems.

Hand protection

Material : Solvent-resistant gloves (butyl-rubber)

Remarks : Take note of the information given by the producer

concerning permeability and break through times, and of special workplace conditions (mechanical strain, duration of contact). The exact break through time can be obtained from the protective glove producer and this has to be observed. Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the

danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time.

Recommended preventive skin protection Skin should be washed after contact. The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective

gloves.

Skin and body protection : Choose body protection according to the amount and

concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Respiratory protection : Use suitable breathing protection if workplace concentration

requires.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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Equipment should conform to EN 14387

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : liquid

Colour : copper

Odour : characteristic

Odour Threshold : No data available

Freezing point : No data available

Boiling point/boiling range : 126 °C

Flammability : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

Upper flammability limit

10.4 %(V)

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

Lower flammability limit

0.6 %(V)

Flash point : 27 °C

Auto-ignition temperature : Not relevant

Decomposition temperature : No data available

pH : substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : > 21 mm2/s (40 °C)

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : immiscible

Solubility in other solvents : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

No data available

Vapour pressure : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : ca. 1.180 g/cm3

Relative vapour density : No data available

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Particle Size Distribution : No data available

9.2 Other information

No data available

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Stable under recommended storage conditions.

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Do not allow evaporation to dryness.

Heat, flames and sparks.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition : Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and unburned

hydrocarbons (smoke).

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed.

**Product:** 

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 1,929 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 20 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour
Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg

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Method: Calculation method

**Components:** 

Copper:

Acute oral toxicity : Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after

single ingestion.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 3,492 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 3,160 mg/kg

xylene:

Acute inhalation toxicity : Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after

short term inhalation.

maleic anhydride:

Acute oral toxicity : Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after

single ingestion.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

**Product:** 

Remarks : May cause skin irritation in susceptible persons.

**Components:** 

Copper:

Remarks : May cause skin irritation in susceptible persons.

xylene:

Result : Skin irritation

butan-1-ol:

Result : Skin irritation

maleic anhydride:

Result : Severe skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

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**Product:** 

Remarks : Eye irritation

**Components:** 

Copper:

Result : Eye irritation

xylene:

Result : Eye irritation

butan-1-ol:

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye

maleic anhydride:

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

maleic anhydride:

Assessment : May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

Assessment : Probability or evidence of high respiratory sensitisation rate in

humans

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Germ cell mutagenicity- : Classified based on benzene content < 0.1% (Regulation (EC)

Assessment 1272/2008, Annex VI, Part 3, Note P)

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

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#### **Components:**

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Carcinogenicity - : Classified based on benzene content < 0.1% (Regulation (EC)

Assessment 1272/2008, Annex VI, Part 3, Note P)

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

STOT - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Components:** 

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation., May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

n-butyl acetate:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

xylene:

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

butan-1-ol:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with narcotic effects., The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with respiratory tract

irritation.

STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

xylene:

Target Organs : Central nervous system

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

toxicant, repeated exposure, category 2.

maleic anhydride:

Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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#### **Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

#### Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

### xylene:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### **Further information**

**Product:** 

Remarks : Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness,

tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Concentrations substantially above the TLV value may cause

narcotic effects.

Solvents may degrease the skin.

**Components:** 

Copper:

Remarks : No data available

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

# 12.1 Toxicity

#### **Components:**

Copper:

M-Factor (Short-term (acute) : 10

aquatic hazard)

M-Factor (Long-term : 10

(chronic) aquatic hazard)

**Ecotoxicology Assessment** 

Acute aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

# Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

**Ecotoxicology Assessment** 

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

# 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

#### **Product:**

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered

to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher.

# 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

# **Product:**

Additional ecological

information

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Components:**

### Copper:

Additional ecological

information

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with

chemical or used container.

Send to a licensed waste management company. In accordance with local and national regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents.

Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers.

Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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In accordance with local and national regulations.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1 UN number or ID number

ADR : UN 1263 IMDG : UN 1263 IATA : UN 1263

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR : PAINT IMDG : PAINT

(Copper metal powder)

IATA : Paint

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Class Subsidiary risks

ADR : 3
IMDG : 3
IATA : 3

# 14.4 Packing group

**ADR** 

Packing group : III
Classification Code : F1
Hazard Identification Number : 30
Labels : 3
Tunnel restriction code : (D/E)

**IMDG** 

Packing group : III
Labels : 3
EmS Code : F-E, <u>S-E</u>

IATA (Cargo)

Packing instruction (cargo : 366

aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y344
Packing group : III
Labels : 3

IATA (Passenger)

Packing instruction : 355

(passenger aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y344
Packing group : III

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Labels : 3

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR

Environmentally hazardous : yes

**IMDG** 

Marine pollutant : yes

14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

#### 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Relevant EU provisions transposed through retained EU law

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles (Annex XVII) Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be

considered: Number on list 3

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light

arom. (Number on list 3)

n-butyl acetate (Number on list 3) xylene (Number on list 3)

butan-1-ol (Number on list 3)

manganese neodecanoate (Number

on list 3)

ethylbenzene (Number on list 40, 3)

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that

deplete the ozone layer

: Not applicable

UK REACH List of substances subject to authorisation : Not applicable

(Annex XIV)

Volatile organic compounds : Directive 2004/42/EC

Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content: 40.3 %, 475.5 g/l

# 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No data available

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Full text of H-Statements

H226 : Flammable liquid and vapour.

H302 : Harmful if swallowed.

H304 : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 : Harmful in contact with skin.

H314 : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 : Causes skin irritation.

H317 : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 : Causes serious eye damage.
H319 : Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 : Harmful if inhaled.

H334 : May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing

difficulties if inhaled.

H335 : May cause respiratory irritation. H336 : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H372 : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

H373 : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

H400 : Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.H411 : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity

Aquatic Acute : Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard Aquatic Chronic : Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

Asp. Tox. : Aspiration hazard
Eye Dam. : Serious eye damage
Eye Irrit. : Eye irritation

Flam. Liq. : Flammable liquids Resp. Sens. : Respiratory sensitisation

Skin Corr. : Skin corrosion
Skin Irrit. : Skin irritation
Skin Sens. : Skin sensitisation

STOT RE : Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure STOT SE : Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

2000/39/EC : Europe. Commission Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first

list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

2019/1831/EU : Europe. Commission Directive 2019/1831/EU establishing a

fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

GB EH40 : UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits
GB EH40 BAT : UK. Biological monitoring guidance values

2000/39/EC / TWA : Limit Value - eight hours 2000/39/EC / STEL : Short term exposure limit 2019/1831/EU / TWA : Limit Value - eight hours 2019/1831/EU / STEL : Short term exposure limit

GB EH40 / TWA : Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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GB EH40 / STEL : Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period)

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AllC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN -Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx -Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule: ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan): ErCx -Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice: IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer: IATA -International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO -International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID -Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature: SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory: TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances: TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### **Further information**

Classification of the mixture:

		processing and the second seco
Flam. Liq. 3	H226	Based on product data or assessment
Acute Tox. 4	H302	Calculation method
Skin Irrit. 2	H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2	H319	Calculation method
STOT SE 3	H336	Calculation method
STOT SE 3	H335	Calculation method
Aquatic Acute 1	H400	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 1	H410	Calculation method

Classification procedure:

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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GB / EN