according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : SHINEDECOR 9161

Product code : 052655HD0

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the : Colorant; Printing ink related material; Printing ink, Colouring

Substance/Mixture agents, dyes

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : ECKART GmbH

Guentersthal 4 91235 Hartenstein

Telephone : +499152770

Telefax : +499152777008

E-mail address of person

responsible for the SDS

: msds.eckart@altana.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

NCEC: +44 1235 239670 (Europe)

Call and response in your language is possible.

Contract no.: ECKART29003-NCEC.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Flammable liquids, Category 3 H226: Flammable liquid and vapour. Eye irritation, Category 2 H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms



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Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks,

open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/

eye protection/ face protection/ hearing

protection.

Response:

immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/

attention.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical

or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

Storage:

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Additional Labelling

EUH208 Contains 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one, reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-

isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1). May produce an

allergic reaction.

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	ClassificationREGUL	Concentration
	EC-No.	ATION (EC) No	(% w/w)
	Index-No.	1272/2008	
	Registration number		
aluminium powder (stabilised)	7429-90-5	Flam. Sol. 1; H228	>= 20 - < 25
	231-072-3		
	013-002-00-1		
	01-2119529243-45		
propan-2-ol	67-63-0	Flam. Liq. 2; H225	>= 10 - < 20
		Eye Irrit. 2; H319	

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ethanol Naphtha (petroleum),	200-661-7 603-117-00-0 01-2119457558-25 64-17-5 200-578-6 603-002-00-5 01-2119457610-43 64742-48-9	STOT SE 3; H336 (Central nervous system) Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Eye Irrit. 2; H319	>= 1 - < 10 >= 1 - < 10
hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha	918-481-9 01-2119457273-39	EUH066	
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	2634-33-5 220-120-9 613-088-00-6	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Acute Tox. 2; H330 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411 ——————————————————————————————————	>= 0.0025 - < 0.025
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	55965-84-9 613-167-00-5	Acute Tox. 3; H301 Acute Tox. 2; H330 Acute Tox. 2; H310 Skin Corr. 1C; H314 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 100 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 100 specific concentration limit Skin Corr. 1B; H314 >= 0.6 % Skin Irrit. 2; H315 0.06 - < 0.6 %	>= 0.0002 - < 0.0015

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			Eye Irrit. 2; H319 0.06 - < 0.6 % Skin Sens. 1; H317 >= 0.0015 % Eye Dam. 1; H318 >= 0.6 % Skin Corr. 1C; H314 >= 0.6 % Skin Irrit. 2; H315 0.06 - < 0.6 % STOT RE 2; H319 0.06 - < 0.6 % Skin Sens. 1A; H317 >= 0.0015 % Eye Dam. 1; H318 >= 0.6 %	

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Move the victim to fresh air.

Move out of dangerous area.

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Do not leave the victim unattended.

If inhaled : Remove to fresh air.

If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical

advice.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of skin contact : Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water.

If on clothes, remove clothes.

In case of eye contact : Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water.

Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water.

Remove contact lenses.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Keep respiratory tract clear.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

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4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Risks : Causes serious eye irritation.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

This information is not available.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Dry sand

ABC powder

Foam

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Water

Carbon dioxide (CO2)

High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during

firefighting

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment:

for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if

necessary.

Further information : Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. For safety reasons in case of fire, cans should be stored

separately in closed containments.

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local

circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use a water spray to cool fully closed containers.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Use personal protective equipment. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

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6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Prevent product from entering drains.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Use mechanical handling equipment.

Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel,

acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).

Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to

local / national regulations (see section 13).

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Avoid formation of aerosol.

Do not breathe vapours/dust. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. For personal protection see section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the

application area.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms.
Open drum carefully as content may be under pressure.
Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national

regulations.

Advice on protection against

fire and explosion

Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapours). Keep away

from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Hygiene measures : When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

: Earthing of containers and apparatuses is essential. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge. Use



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explosion-proof equipment. Store in original container.

No smoking. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Observe label precautions. Electrical installations / working materials must comply with the technological safety

standards.

Advice on common storage : Do not store near acids.

Do not store together with oxidizing and self-igniting products. Keep away from oxidizing agents and strongly acid or alkaline

materials.

Keep away from oxidizing agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Further information on storage stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
aluminium powder (stabilised)	7429-90-5	TWA (Inhalable)	10 mg/m3	GB EH40
		TWA (Respirable fraction)	4 mg/m3	GB EH40
		TWA (inhalable dust)	10 mg/m3	GB EH40
	inhalable dust when samplin MDHS14/4 Government of the substance has concentration inhalable dust any dust will be levels. Some must comply particles of a particular part response that distinguishes and 'respirable of the substant of the	t are those fractions ig is undertaken in a seneral methods for so practic and inhalable tractions to health incoming a requal to or great or 4 mg.m-3 8-hours to esubject to COSH-dusts have been asswith the appropriate wide range of sizes. Sicile after entry into the it elicits, depend on two size fractions foe'., Inhalable dust appropriate wide.	ses of these limits, respirable of airborne dust which will be occordance with the methods campling and gravimetric ana aerosols., The COSHH defined dust of any kind when eater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This if people are exposed to dusting and specific WELs and explimits., Most industrial dusts. The behaviour, deposition at the human respiratory system the nature and size of the partimit-setting purposes termed approximates to the fraction of mouth during breathing and interesting and	e collected described in lysis or lition of a present at a TWA of s means that ast above these contain and fate of any a, and the body article. HSE ed 'inhalable' airborne

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	available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/4., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.			
		TWA (Respirable dust)	4 mg/m3	GB EH40
propan-2-ol	inhalable dus when samplir MDHS14/4 G respirable, the substance has concentration inhalable dus any dust will be levels. Some must comply particles of a particular par response that distinguishes and 'respirable material that available for othe fraction definitions an contain compshould be contained.	nation: For the purport are those fractions ag is undertaken in a general methods for pracic and inhalable zardous to health in in air equal to or great or 4 mg.m-3 8-house subject to COSHI dusts have been as with the appropriate wide range of sizes ticle after entry into the two size fractions for etc., Inhalable dust a genters the nose and deposition in the responsation in the responsation of that penetrates to the dexplanatory mater onents that have the mplied with., Where	bees of these limits, respirated of airborne dust which will accordance with the method sampling and gravimetric at aerosols., The COSHH decludes dust of any kind whereater than 10 mg.m-3 8-how TWA of respirable dust. The fipeople are exposed to signed specific WELs and a limits., Most industrial dust in the hehaviour, deposition the human respiratory systems that the nature and size of the proximates to the fraction mouth during breathing and pricatory tract. Respirable do the gas exchange region of the state of the gravity of the size of the proximates to the fraction mouth during breathing and pricatory tract. Respirable do the gas exchange region of the gas exchange region of the size own assigned WEL, all the specific short-term exposure limit should be used.	be collected ds described in nalysis or efinition of a en present at a ur TWA of his means that dust above these exposure to these ts contain n and fate of any em, and the body particle. HSE med 'inhalable' of airborne d is therefore ust approximates the lung. Fuller , Where dusts he relevant limits osure limit is listed,
propart 2 or	07 00 0	STEL	999 mg/m3 500 ppm	GB EH40
			1,250 mg/m3	
ethanol	64-17-5	TWA	1,000 ppm 1,920 mg/m3	GB EH40
		-	ecific short-term exposure xposure limit should be use	
silicon dioxide	7631-86-9	TWA (inhalable dust)	6 mg/m3 (Silica)	GB EH40
	inhalable dus when samplir MDHS14/4 G respirable, the substance ha concentration inhalable dus any dust will be	t are those fractions ag is undertaken in a eneral methods for oracic and inhalable zardous to health in in air equal to or gr t or 4 mg.m-3 8-hou be subject to COSHI	oses of these limits, respiration of airborne dust which will accordance with the method sampling and gravimetric at aerosols., The COSHH decludes dust of any kind who eater than 10 mg.m-3 8-ho or TWA of respirable dust. The people are exposed to signed specific WELs and of the signed specific wells.	be collected ds described in nalysis or if inition of a en present at a ur TWA of this means that dust above these

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must comply with the appropriate limits., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system, and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'., Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/4., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.

TWA (Respirable dust)

2.4 mg/m3 GB EH40
(Silica)

Further information: For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/4 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis or respirable, thoracic and inhalable aerosols., The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed to dust above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limits., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system, and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'., Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/4., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed. a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
aluminium powder (stabilised)	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	3.72 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	3.72 mg/m3
	Consumers	Oral	Long-term systemic effects	3.95 mg/kg
propan-2-ol	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	888 mg/kg
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	500 mg/m3

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	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	26 mg/kg
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	319 mg/kg
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	89 mg/m3
ethanol	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	950 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	1900 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	343 mg/kg
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	114 mg/m3
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	206 mg/kg
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	87 mg/kg
silicon dioxide	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	4 mg/m3
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha	Workers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects	1500 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	300 mg/kg
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	300 mg/kg
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	300 mg/kg
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	900 mg/m3
1,2-benzisothiazol- 3(2H)-one	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	6.81 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	0.966 mg/kg
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	1.2 mg/m3
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	0.345 mg/kg
reaction mass of 5- chloro-2-methyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	0.02 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	0.04 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	0.02 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	0.04 mg/m3
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term local	0.090 mg/kg

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		effects	
Consumers	Ingestion	Acute local effects	0.11 mg/kg

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
aluminium powder (stabilised)	Fresh water	0.0749 mg/l
	clarification plant	20 mg/l
propan-2-ol	Soil	28 mg/kg
	Fresh water	140.9 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	552 mg/kg
	Marine water	140.9 mg/l
	Marine sediment	552 mg/kg
	STP	2251 mg/l
ethanol	Fresh water	0.96 mg/l
	Marine water	0.79 mg/l
	Intermittent water release	2.75 mg/l
	STP	580 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	3.6 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	2.9 mg/kg
	Soil	0.63 mg/kg
	Secondary Poisoning	380 mg/kg
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Fresh water	0.00403 mg/l
	Marine water	0.000403 mg/l
	STP	0.00103 mg/l
	Intermittent water release	0.0011 mg/l
	Intermittent Release	0.00011 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	0.0499 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	0.00499 mg/kg
	Soil	3 mg/kg
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-	Fresh water	0.00339 mg/l
methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and		
2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one		
(3:1)		
	Intermittent water release	0.00339 mg/l
	Marine water	0.00339 mg/l
	Intermittent Release	0.00339 mg/l
	STP	0.23 mg/l
	Soil	0.0471 mg/kg
	Fresh water sediment	0.027 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	0.027 mg/kg
	Soil	0.01 mg/kg

8.2 Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection : Goggles

Tightly fitting safety goggles

Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing

problems.

Hand protection

Material : Solvent-resistant gloves (butyl-rubber)

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Remarks : Take note of the information given by the producer

concerning permeability and break through times, and of special workplace conditions (mechanical strain, duration of

contact). Please observe the instructions regarding

permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time. Recommended preventive skin protection Skin should be washed after contact. The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective

gloves.

Skin and body protection : Impervious clothing

Choose body protection according to the amount and

concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Respiratory protection : Use suitable breathing protection if workplace concentration

requires.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : liquid

Colour : silver

Odour : characteristic

Odour Threshold : No data available

Freezing point : No data available

Boiling point/boiling range : 82 - 83 °C (1,013 hPa)

Flammability : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Flash point : 31 °C

Auto-ignition temperature : Not relevant

Decomposition temperature : No data available

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pH : 6-8

Concentration: 100 %

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Flow time : 20 - 60 s

Cross section: 4 mm

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : insoluble

Solubility in other solvents : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data available

Vapour pressure : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : 1.2 g/cm3

Relative vapour density : No data available

Particle Size Distribution : No data available

9.2 Other information

Flammability (liquids) : Flammable liquids

Self-ignition : No data available

Miscibility with water : immiscible

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Contact with acids and alkalis may release hydrogen.

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

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Conditions to avoid : Do not allow evaporation to dryness.

Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Acids

Bases

Oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

This information is not available.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

aluminium powder (stabilised):

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

propan-2-ol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

ethanol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): 10,470 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): 124.7 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: vapour

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): Test atmosphere: vapour

Remarks: An LC50/inhalation/4h/rat could not be determined because no mortality of rats was observed at the maximum

achievable concentration.

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Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Acute oral toxicity : Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after

single ingestion.

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 0.4 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The component/mixture is highly toxic after short

term inhalation.

reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one

(3:1):

Acute oral toxicity : Assessment: The component/mixture is toxic after single

ingestion.

Acute inhalation toxicity : Assessment: The component/mixture is highly toxic after short

term inhalation.

Acute dermal toxicity : Assessment: The component/mixture is highly toxic after

single contact with skin.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Remarks : May cause skin irritation in susceptible persons.

Components:

ethanol:

Result : No skin irritation

Remarks : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha:

Result : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Result : Skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Product:

Remarks : May cause irreversible eye damage.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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Components:

propan-2-ol:

Result : Eye irritation

ethanol:

Result : Eye irritation

Remarks : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Result : Corrosive

reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one

(3:1):

Result : Corrosive

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Result : May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha:

Germ cell mutagenicity- : Classified based on benzene content < 0.1% (Regulation (EC)

Assessment 1272/2008, Annex VI, Part 3, Note P)

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha:

Carcinogenicity - : Classified based on benzene content < 0.1% (Regulation (EC)

Assessment 1272/2008, Annex VI, Part 3, Note P)

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

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Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

propan-2-ol:

Assessment May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Further information

Product:

Remarks Solvents may degrease the skin.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Components:

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1):

M-Factor (Short-term (acute) : 100

aquatic hazard)

M-Factor (Long-term 100

(chronic) aquatic hazard)

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered

to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available

12.7 Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological

information

: No data available

Components:

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha:

Additional ecological

information

: No data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

European Waste Catalogue : 12 01 04 - non-ferrous metal dust and particles

European Waste Catalogue : 10 03 21 - other particulates and dust (including ball-mill dust)

containing hazardous substances

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with

chemical or used container.

Send to a licensed waste management company.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

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Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers.

Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG : UN 1263 IATA : UN 1263

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG : PAINT IATA : Paint

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good

Class Subsidiary risks

IMDG : 3
IATA : 3

14.4 Packing group

ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG

Packing group : III
Labels : 3
EmS Code : F-E, <u>S-E</u>

Remarks : Transport in accordance with 2.3.2.5 of the IMDG Code.

IATA (Cargo)

Packing instruction (cargo : 366

aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y344
Packing group : III
Labels : 3

IATA (Passenger)

Packing instruction : 355

(passenger aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y344
Packing group : III
Labels : 3

14.5 Environmental hazards

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

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ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG

Marine pollutant : no

14.6 Special precautions for user

Remarks : IMDG: Classified in accordance with Chapter 2.3.2.5 IMDG-

Code

ADR: Classified in accordance with Chapter 2.2.3.1.5.1 and

2.2.3.1.5.2 ADR

Due to the risk of hydrogen development we recommend to

refrain from airfreighting this/these product(s).

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Relevant EU provisions transposed through retained EU law

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles (Annex XVII)

Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be

considered: Number on list 3

aluminium powder (stabilised)

(Number on list 40)

propan-2-ol (Number on list 3) ethanol (Number on list 3)

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha (Number on list 3) Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light

arom. (Number on list 3)

UK REACH Candidate list of substances of very high

concern (SVHC) for Authorisation

The Persistent Organic Pollutants Regulations (retained

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 as amended for Great

Britain)

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that : Not applicable

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deplete the ozone layer

UK REACH List of substances subject to authorisation

(Annex XIV)

: Not applicable: Not applicable

: Not applicable

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No data available

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H228 Flammable solid. H301 Toxic if swallowed. H302 Harmful if swallowed.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H304

H310 Fatal in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. H318 Causes serious eye irritation. H319

H330 Fatal if inhaled.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H336

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. Acute toxicity

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard Aquatic Acute Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard Aquatic Chronic

Asp. Tox. Aspiration hazard Eye Dam. Serious eye damage Eye irritation Eye Irrit. Flam. Liq. Flammable liquids Flam. Sol. Flammable solids Skin Corr. Skin corrosion Skin Irrit. Skin irritation

Skin Sens. STOT SE Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits GB EH40

Skin sensitisation

GB EH40 / TWA Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period) GB EH40 / STEL Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period)

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AllC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN -Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx -

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

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Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA -International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO -International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration: NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate: NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals: OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID -Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory: TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances: TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Classification of the mixture: Classification procedure:

Flam. Liq. 3 H226 Based on product data or assessment

Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Calculation method

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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