according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



# **STAPA 4 Aluminium Paste**

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## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : STAPA 4 Aluminium Paste

Product code : 053208G60

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the : Colouring agents, pigments

Substance/Mixture

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : ECKART Suisse SA

Route de la Brasserie 2

1963 Vétroz

Telephone : +410273454800

Telefax : +410273454859

E-mail address of person

responsible for the SDS

: msds.eckart@altana.com

# 1.4 Emergency telephone number

NCEC: +44 1235 239670 (Europe)

Call and response in your language is possible.

Contract no.: ECKART29003-NCEC.

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

## Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Not a hazardous substance or mixture according to the Globally Harmonised System (GHS).

## 2.2 Label elements

#### Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Not a dangerous substance according to GHS.

# **Additional Labelling**

EUH210 Safety data sheet available on request.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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#### 2.3 Other hazards

Combustible Solids

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	ClassificationREGUL	Concentration
	EC-No.	ATION (EC) No	(% w/w)
	Index-No.	1272/2008	
	Registration number		
aluminium powder (stabilised)	7429-90-5	Flam. Sol. 1; H228	>= 50 - <= 100
	231-072-3		
	013-002-00-1		
	01-2119529243-45		
Naphtha (petroleum),	64742-48-9	Asp. Tox. 1; H304	>= 25 - < 50
hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling			
point ydrogen treated naphtha	918-481-9		
	01-2119457273-39		

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Move the victim to fresh air.

Do not leave the victim unattended.

If inhaled : Remove to fresh air.

If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical

advice.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of skin contact : Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water.

In case of eye contact : Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water.

Remove contact lenses.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Keep respiratory tract clear.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

None known.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Dry sand

Special powder against metal fire

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Water Foam

ABC powder

Carbon dioxide (CO2)

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

This information is not available.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

for firefighters

Special protective equipment : Use personal protective equipment.

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if

necessary.

Further information Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local

circumstances and the surrounding environment.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

> Use personal protective equipment. Remove all sources of ignition.

Avoid dust formation.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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respective authorities.

## 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Use mechanical handling equipment.

Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel,

acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).

Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust.

Sweep up and shovel.

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Avoid dust formation.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

For personal protection see section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the

application area.

Advice on protection against

fire and explosion

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of

ignition. Earthing of containers and apparatuses is essential.

Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust

is formed.

Hygiene measures : General industrial hygiene practice.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

: Store in original container. Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep container closed when not in

use. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Electrical installations / working materials must comply with

the technological safety standards.

Further information on storage conditions

Protect from humidity and water. Do not allow to dry.

Advice on common storage : Do not store together with oxidizing and self-igniting products.

Never allow product to get in contact with water during

storage.

Keep away from oxidizing agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

No materials to be especially mentioned.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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Further information on storage stability

: No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

# 8.1 Control parameters

# **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
aluminium powder (stabilised)	7429-90-5	TWA (Inhalable)	10 mg/m3	GB EH40
		TWA (Respirable fraction)	4 mg/m3	GB EH40
		TWA (inhalable dust)	10 mg/m3	GB EH40
	inhalable dust when samplin MDHS14/4 Go respirable, the substance has concentration inhalable dust any dust will be levels. Some must comply particles of a particular part response that distinguishes and 'respirable material that cavailable for cothe fraction definitions and contain comp should be cor a figure three  Further inform inhalable dust when samplin MDHS14/4 Go respirable, the substance has	nation: For the purport are those fractions ag is undertaken in ageneral methods for so cracic and inhalable agradous to health incoming in air equal to or great or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour one subject to COSH-dusts have been asswith the appropriate wide range of sizes. It elicits, depend on two size fractions for etc., Inhalable dust appropriate to the properties of the explanatory material onents that have the mplied with., Where retimes the long-term TWA (Respirable dust)  Take those fractions ag is undertaken in ageneral methods for so cracic and inhalable agardous to health incoming the mation of the latter in ageneral methods for so cracic and inhalable agardous to health incoming the mation of the latter in ageneral methods for so cracic and inhalable agardous to health incoming the mation of the latter in the latter i	eater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This I if people are exposed to dustigned specific WELs and explimits., Most industrial dusts The behaviour, deposition and he human respiratory system the nature and size of the partimit-setting purposes terme oppoximates to the fraction of mouth during breathing and initiatory tract. Respirable dust he gas exchange region of the large given in MDHS14/4., Wir own assigned WEL, all the no specific short-term expositions.	e collected described in lysis or sition of a present at a TWA of a means that ast above these contain and fate of any and the body article. HSE and 'inhalable' airborne approximates a lung. Fuller Where dusts relevant limits are limit is listed, and GB EH40  e dust and a collected described in lysis or sition of a present at a
	substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed to dust above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limits., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system, and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'., Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore			
	available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/4., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.			
		TWA (Respirable dust)	4 mg/m3	GB EH40
	inhalable dust when samplin MDHS14/4 Governments respirable, the substance has	t are those fractions ag is undertaken in ac eneral methods for so pracic and inhalable zardous to health inc	of airborne dust which will be ecordance with the methods campling and gravimetric ana aerosols., The COSHH defir cludes dust of any kind when	e collected described in lysis or iition of a present at a

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inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed to dust above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limits., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system, and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'., Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/4., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with. Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed. a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.

#### Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
aluminium powder (stabilised)	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	3.72 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	3.72 mg/m3
	Consumers	Oral	Long-term systemic effects	3.95 mg/kg
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha	Workers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects	1500 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	300 mg/kg
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	300 mg/kg
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	300 mg/kg
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	900 mg/m3
Fatty acids, C16-18	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	10 mg/kg
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	17.632 mg/m3
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	2.5 mg/kg
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	5 mg/kg
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	4.348 mg/m3

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
aluminium powder (stabilised)	Fresh water	0.0749 mg/l
	clarification plant	20 mg/l

## 8.2 Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Hand protection

Safety glasses

Material : Solvent-resistant gloves

Material : butyl-rubber
Break through time : 10 min
Glove thickness : 0.7 mm

Directive : Equipment should conform to EN 374

Remarks : Take note of the information given by the producer

concerning permeability and break through times, and of special workplace conditions (mechanical strain, duration of contact). The exact break through time can be obtained from the protective glove producer and this has to be observed. Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the

danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time.

Recommended preventive skin protection Skin should be washed after contact. The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective

gloves.

Skin and body protection : Long sleeved clothing

Safety shoes

Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Protective suit

Respiratory protection : Use suitable breathing protection if workplace concentration

requires.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Pasty solid

Colour : silver

Odour : characteristic

Odour Threshold : No data available

Freezing point : No data available

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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Boiling point/boiling range : No data available

Flammability : Combustible Solids

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Flash point : No data available

Auto-ignition temperature : Not relevant

Decomposition temperature : No data available

pH : substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : insoluble

Solubility in other solvents : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

No data available

Vapour pressure : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : 1.3 - 2.0 g/cm3

Relative vapour density : No data available

Particle characteristics

Particle Size Distribution :  $D50 = 20 \mu m \pm 4 \mu m$ 

9.2 Other information

Explosives : Not explosive

Self-ignition : not auto-flammable

Miscibility with water : immiscible

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

## 10.1 Reactivity

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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#### 10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

## 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Reacts with alkalis, acids, halogenes and oxidizing agents.

Contact with acids and alkalis may release hydrogen. Mixture reacts slowly with water resulting in evolution of

hydrogen.

Vapour/air-mixtures are explosive at intense warming. Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Do not allow to dry.

No data available

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Acids

Bases

Oxidizing agents

Highly halogenated compounds

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

This information is not available.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

# **Acute toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

## **Components:**

## aluminium powder (stabilised):

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

# Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): Test atmosphere: vapour

Remarks: An LC50/inhalation/4h/rat could not be determined because no mortality of rats was observed at the maximum

achievable concentration.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

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#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

## Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

#### Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

## Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

## **Components:**

## Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha:

Germ cell mutagenicity- : Classified based on benzene content < 0.1% (Regulation (EC)

Assessment 1272/2008, Annex VI, Part 3, Note P)

#### Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

# Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha:

Carcinogenicity - : Classified based on benzene content < 0.1% (Regulation (EC)

Assessment 1272/2008, Annex VI, Part 3, Note P)

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

## STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

#### Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### Components:

# Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

**Further information** 

**Product:** 

Remarks : No data available

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1 Toxicity

No data available

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

## 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

## **Product:**

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered

to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher.

# 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

**Product:** 

Additional ecological

ı

: No data available

#### **Components:**

information

#### Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha:

Additional ecological

information

: No data available

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

European Waste Catalogue : 12 01 04 - non-ferrous metal dust and particles

European Waste Catalogue : 10 03 21 - other particulates and dust (including ball-mill dust)

containing hazardous substances

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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13.1 Waste treatment methods

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste

handling site for recycling or disposal.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1 UN number or ID number

ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA : Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA : Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA : Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.4 Packing group

ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA (Cargo) : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA (Passenger) : Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.5 Environmental hazards

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.6 Special precautions for user

Remarks : Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport

regulations.

# 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Relevant EU provisions transposed through retained EU law

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

# **C** ECKART

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REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on

the market and use of certain dangerous substances,

mixtures and articles (Annex XVII)

: Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be

considered:

aluminium powder (stabilised)

(Number on list 40)

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha (Number on list 3)

UK REACH Candidate list of substances of very high : Not applicable

concern (SVHC) for Authorisation

The Persistent Organic Pollutants Regulations (retained

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 as amended for Great

Britain)

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that

deplete the ozone layer

UK REACH List of substances subject to authorisation

(Annex XIV)

Not applicable

: Not applicable

: Not applicable

## 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No data available

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Full text of H-Statements

H228 : Flammable solid.

H304 : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Full text of other abbreviations

Asp. Tox. : Aspiration hazard Flam, Sol. : Flammable solids

GB EH40 : UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits

GB EH40 / TWA : Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AllC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO -

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International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO -International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID -Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### **Further information**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

GB/EN