according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : METALSTAR SuperEco 10 2877 PANTONE 877

Product code : 053152RC0

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the : Colorant; Printing ink related material; Printing ink, Colouring

Substance/Mixture agents, dyes

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : ECKART GmbH

Guentersthal 4 91235 Hartenstein

Telephone : +499152770

Telefax : +499152777008

E-mail address of person

responsible for the SDS

: msds.eckart@altana.com

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

NCEC: +44 1235 239670 (Europe)

Call and response in your language is possible.

Contract no.: ECKART29003-NCEC.

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Eye irritation, Category 2 H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Category 2

### 2.2 Label elements

#### Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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Hazard pictograms :





Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear eye protection/ face protection.

Response:

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/

attention.

P391 Collect spillage.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an

approved waste disposal plant.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No.	ClassificationREGUL ATION (EC) No	Concentration (% w/w)
	Index-No.	1272/2008	(70 0700)
	Registration number		
aluminium powder (stabilised)	7429-90-5	Flam. Sol. 1; H228	>= 10 - < 20
	231-072-3		
	013-002-00-1		
	01-2119529243-45		
manganese neodecanoate	27253-32-3	Acute Tox. 4; H302	>= 1 - < 10
		Skin Irrit. 2; H315	
	248-374-6		
octadecylamine	124-30-1	Skin Irrit. 2; H315	>= 1 - < 2.5
		Eye Dam. 1; H318	
	204-695-3	STOT RE 2; H373	
	612-282-00-8	(Liver,	
	01-2119473804-32	Gastrointestinal tract,	

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Move the victim to fresh air.

Move out of dangerous area.

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Do not leave the victim unattended.

If inhaled : Remove to fresh air.

If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical

advice.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of skin contact : Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water.

If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

If on clothes, remove clothes.

In case of eye contact : Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water.

Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water.

Remove contact lenses.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Keep respiratory tract clear.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Risks : Causes serious eye irritation.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

This information is not available.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Dry sand

ABC powder

Foam

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

High volume water jet Carbon dioxide (CO2)

High volume water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during

firefighting

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment :

for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if

necessary.

Further information : Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.
Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local

circumstances and the surrounding environment.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Use personal protective equipment.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Prevent product from entering drains.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Use mechanical handling equipment.

Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel,

acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).

Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel,

acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Do not breathe vapours/dust.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. For personal protection see section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the

application area.

Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national

regulations.

Advice on protection against

fire and explosion

Normal measures for preventive fire protection.

Hygiene measures : When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Earthing of containers and apparatuses is essential. Reaction with water liberates extremely flammable gas (hydrogen) Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge. Use explosion-proof equipment. Store in original container. Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep container

closed when not in use.

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Electrical installations / working materials must comply with the

technological safety standards.

Further information on storage conditions

Protect from humidity and water.

Advice on common storage : Do not store near acids.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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Do not store together with oxidizing and self-igniting products.

Never allow product to get in contact with water during

storage.

Keep away from oxidizing agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Further information on storage stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
aluminium powder (stabilised)	7429-90-5	TWA (Inhalable)	10 mg/m3	GB EH40
		TWA (Respirable fraction)	4 mg/m3	GB EH40
		TWA (inhalable dust)	10 mg/m3	GB EH40
	Further information: For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/4 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis or respirable, thoracic and inhalable aerosols., The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed to dust above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limits., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system, and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'., Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/4., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.     TWA (Respirable   4 mg/m3   GB EH40   GB E			
Further information: For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and				e dust and

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/4 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis or respirable, thoracic and inhalable aerosols., The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m-3 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed to dust above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limits., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system, and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'.. Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/4., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed. a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.

#### Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
	<b>+</b>			
aluminium powder	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic	3.72 mg/m3
(stabilised)			effects	
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local	3.72 mg/m3
			effects	
	Consumers	Oral	Long-term systemic effects	3.95 mg/kg

### Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
aluminium powder (stabilised)	Fresh water	0.0749 mg/l
	clarification plant	20 mg/l

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection : Goggles

Tightly fitting safety goggles

Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing

problems.

Hand protection

Material : Solvent-resistant gloves (butyl-rubber)

Remarks : Take note of the information given by the producer

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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concerning permeability and break through times, and of special workplace conditions (mechanical strain, duration of contact). The exact break through time can be obtained from the protective glove producer and this has to be observed. Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time.

Recommended preventive skin protection Skin should be washed after contact. The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective

gloves.

Skin and body protection : Impervious clothing

Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Respiratory protection : Use suitable breathing protection if workplace concentration

requires.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : liquid

Colour : silver

Odour : characteristic

Odour Threshold : No data available

Freezing point : No data available

Boiling point/boiling range : No data available

Flammability : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Flash point : > 100 °C

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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Auto-ignition temperature : Not relevant

Decomposition temperature : No data available

pH : substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : > 21 mm2/s (40 °C)

Water solubility : No data available

Solubility in other solvents : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

No data available

Vapour pressure : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : No data available

Relative vapour density : No data available

Particle Size Distribution : No data available

#### 9.2 Other information

No data available

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Contact with acids and alkalis may release hydrogen.

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Do not allow evaporation to dryness.

No data available

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Acids

**Bases** 

Oxidizing agents

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

This information is not available.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### **Acute toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Product:** 

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

#### **Components:**

### aluminium powder (stabilised):

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

manganese neodecanoate:

Acute oral toxicity : Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after

single ingestion.

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

**Product:** 

Remarks : May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis.

**Components:** 

manganese neodecanoate:

Result : Skin irritation

octadecylamine:

Assessment : Irritating to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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**Product:** 

Remarks : May cause irreversible eye damage.

**Components:** 

octadecylamine:

Assessment : Corrosive

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

octadecylamine:

Exposure routes : Ingestion

Target Organs : Liver, digestive system, Immune system

Assessment : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

**Aspiration toxicity** 

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

octadecylamine:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

11.2 Information on other hazards

**Further information** 

**Product:** 

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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Remarks : No data available

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

#### **Components:**

### octadecylamine:

M-Factor (Short-term (acute) :

aquatic hazard)

10

,

M-Factor (Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard)

10

### **Ecotoxicology Assessment**

Acute aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

#### **Product:**

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered

to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

#### **Product:**

Additional ecological

information

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

European Waste Catalogue : 08 03 12 - waste ink containing dangerous substances

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with

chemical or used container.

Send to a licensed waste management company.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents.

Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1 UN number or ID number

 ADR
 : UN 3082

 IMDG
 : UN 3082

 IATA
 : UN 3082

14.2 UN proper shipping name

**ADR** : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(Stearyl amine)

IMDG : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(Stearyl amine)

IATA : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.

(Stearyl amine)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Class Subsidiary risks

 ADR
 : 9

 IMDG
 : 9

 IATA
 : 9

14.4 Packing group

**ADR** 

Packing group : III
Classification Code : M6
Hazard Identification Number : 90

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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Labels : 9
Tunnel restriction code : (-)

**IMDG** 

Packing group : III Labels : 9

EmS Code : F-A, S-F

IATA (Cargo)

Packing instruction (cargo : 964

aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y964
Packing group : III
Labels : 9

IATA (Passenger)

Packing instruction : 964

(passenger aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y964
Packing group : III
Labels : 9

14.5 Environmental hazards

**ADR** 

Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG

Marine pollutant : yes

14.6 Special precautions for user

Remarks : For single packagings <=5L / 5 kg, or combination

packagings containing inner packagings <= 5L / 5 kg net per inner packaging, SV375 ADR, 2.10.2.7 IMDG-Code, A197

IATA-DGR may be applied.

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

### 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Relevant EU provisions transposed through retained EU law

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles (Annex XVII) Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be considered:

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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Number on list 3

aluminium powder (stabilised)

(Number on list 40)

UK REACH Candidate list of substances of very high

concern (SVHC) for Authorisation

Not applicable

The Persistent Organic Pollutants Regulations (retained

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 as amended for Great

Britain)

Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that

deplete the ozone layer

Not applicable

UK REACH List of substances subject to authorisation

(Annex XIV)

Not applicable

### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No data available

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### **Full text of H-Statements**

H228 : Flammable solid. H302 : Harmful if swallowed.

H304 : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 : Causes skin irritation.

H318 : Causes serious eye damage.

H373 : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

H400 : Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity

Aquatic Acute : Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard Aquatic Chronic : Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

Asp. Tox. : Aspiration hazard
Eye Dam. : Serious eye damage
Flam. Sol. : Flammable solids
Skin Irrit. : Skin irritation

STOT RE : Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure GB EH40 : UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits

GB EH40 / TWA : Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation;

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN -Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx -Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx -Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA -International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO -International Maritime Organization: ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan): ISO -International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### **Further information**

Classification of the mixture: Classification procedure:

Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Calculation method Aquatic Chronic 2 H411 Calculation method

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

GB / EN