

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



## STAPA IL HYDROLAN PLUS 2192 Aluminium Paste

Version 3.1      Revision Date: 24.03.2020      SDS Number: 102000024873      Print Date: 07.08.2020  
Date of first issue: 02.08.2016

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### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : STAPA IL HYDROLAN PLUS 2192 Aluminium Paste  
Product code : 022543GD0

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance/Mixture : Colouring agents, pigments

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company :  
  
E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS : msds.eckart@altana.com

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

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### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

##### Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Flammable solids, Category 1	H228: Flammable solid.
Eye irritation, Category 2	H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3, Central nervous system	H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### 2.2 Label elements

##### Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms :  

Signal word : Danger

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Hazard statements	: H228 H319 H336	Flammable solid. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary statements	: <b>Prevention:</b> P210  P261  P280  <b>Response:</b> P304 + P340 + P312  P370 + P378  P370 + P378	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. In case of fire: Use for extinction: Special powder for metal fires. In case of fire: Use for extinction: Dry sand.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

propan-2-ol  
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.

### Additional Labelling

EUH208      Contains N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediamine. May produce an allergic reaction.

### 2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.2 Mixtures

#### Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration number	Classification REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008	Concentration (% w/w)
aluminium powder (stabilised)	7429-90-5 231-072-3 01-2119529243-45	Flam. Sol. 1; H228	>= 50 - <= 100
propan-2-ol	67-63-0 200-661-7 01-2119457558-25	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H336	>= 25 - < 50

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ethanol	64-17-5 200-578-6  01-2119457610-43	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Eye Irrit. 2; H319	$\geq 1 - < 10$
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	64742-95-6 918-668-5 01-2119455851-35	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 STOT SE 3; H336 STOT SE 3; H335 Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	$\geq 1 - < 2.5$
N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenedi amine	1760-24-3 217-164-6 01-2119970215-39	Acute Tox. 4; H332 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Skin Sens. 1; H317	$\geq 0.1 - < 1$

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

- General advice : Move the victim to fresh air.  
Do not leave the victim unattended.
- Move out of dangerous area.  
Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
- If inhaled : Consult a physician after significant exposure.  
If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
- In case of skin contact : Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water.
- If on skin, rinse well with water.  
If on clothes, remove clothes.
- In case of eye contact : Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water.
- Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water.  
Remove contact lenses.  
Keep eye wide open while rinsing.  
If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.
- If swallowed : Keep respiratory tract clear.  
Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.  
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.  
If symptoms persist, call a physician.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- Risks : Causes serious eye irritation.

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May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

This information is not available.

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## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Dry sand  
Special powder against metal fire

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Water  
Foam  
Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)  
ABC powder

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters : Use personal protective equipment.

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

Further information : Standard procedure for chemical fires.  
Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

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## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Evacuate personnel to safe areas.  
Use personal protective equipment.  
Use personal protective equipment.  
Avoid dust formation.  
Remove all sources of ignition.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Prevent product from entering drains.  
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.  
If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

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### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Use mechanical handling equipment.  
Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).

Do not flush with water.  
Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8.

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## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.  
Avoid dust formation.  
Ensure adequate ventilation.

Avoid formation of respirable particles.  
Do not breathe vapours/dust.  
Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.  
Avoid contact with skin and eyes.  
For personal protection see section 8.  
Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.  
Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms.  
Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national regulations.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion : Earthing of containers and apparatuses is essential. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge. Use explosion-proof equipment.

Avoid dust formation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Hygiene measures : When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke.  
Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers : Store in original container. Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

No smoking. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Electrical installations / working materials must comply with the technological safety standards.

Further information on : Protect from humidity and water. Do not allow to dry.

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storage conditions

Advice on common storage : Do not store together with oxidizing and self-igniting products. Never allow product to get in contact with water during storage.  
Keep away from oxidizing agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Further information on storage stability : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

This information is not available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
aluminium powder (stabilised)	7429-90-5	TWA (Inhalable)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	GB EH40
Further information	The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m <sup>-3</sup> 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m <sup>-3</sup> 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed to dust above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limits., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.			
		TWA (Respirable)	4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	GB EH40
Further information	The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m <sup>-3</sup> 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m <sup>-3</sup> 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed to dust above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limits., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.			
		TWA (inhalable dust)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	GB EH40
Further information	For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/4 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis or respirable, thoracic and inhalable aerosols, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m <sup>-3</sup> 8-hour TWA of			

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	<p>inhalable dust or 4 mg.m<sup>-3</sup> 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed to dust above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limits., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system, and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'. Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/4., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.</p>			
		TWA (Respirable dust)	4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	GB EH40
Further information	<p>For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/4 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis or respirable, thoracic and inhalable aerosols, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m<sup>-3</sup> 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m<sup>-3</sup> 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed to dust above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limits., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system, and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'. Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/4., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.</p>			
propan-2-ol	67-63-0	TWA	400 ppm 999 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	GB EH40
		STEL	500 ppm 1,250 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	GB EH40
ethanol	64-17-5	TWA	1,000 ppm 1,920 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	GB EH40
Further information	<p>Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.</p>			

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silicon dioxide	7631-86-9	TWA (inhalable dust)	6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Silica)	GB EH40
Further information	For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/4 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis or respirable, thoracic and inhalable aerosols, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m <sup>-3</sup> 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m <sup>-3</sup> 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed to dust above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limits., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system, and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'. Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/4., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.			
		TWA (Respirable dust)	2.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Silica)	GB EH40
Further information	For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/4 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis or respirable, thoracic and inhalable aerosols, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m <sup>-3</sup> 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m <sup>-3</sup> 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed to dust above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limits., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system, and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'. Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/4., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term			



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exposure limit should be used.

### Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
aluminium powder (stabilised)	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	3.72 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Consumers	Oral	Long-term systemic effects	3.95 mg/kg
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	3.72 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
propan-2-ol	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	888 mg/kg
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	26 mg/kg
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	319 mg/kg
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	89 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
ethanol	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	343 mg/kg
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	114 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	206 mg/kg
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	87 mg/kg
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point ydrogen treated naphtha	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	300 mg/kg
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	300 mg/kg
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	300 mg/kg
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	150 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	25 mg/kg
N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	35.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

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Substance	Exposure	Route	Effect	Value
Diethylenediamine	Workers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	5 mg/kg
	Workers	Dermal	Acute systemic effects	5 mg/kg
	Consumers	Oral	Long-term systemic effects	2.5 mg/kg
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	8.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Consumers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	2.5 mg/kg
	Consumers	Dermal	Acute systemic effects	17 mg/kg

### Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
aluminium powder (stabilised)	Fresh water	0.0749 mg/l
	clarification plant	20 mg/l
propan-2-ol	Soil	28 mg/kg
	Fresh water	140.9 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	552 mg/kg
	Marine water	140.9 mg/l
	Marine sediment	552 mg/kg
	STP	2251 mg/l
ethanol	Fresh water	0.96 mg/l
	Marine water	0.79 mg/l
	Intermittent water release	2.75 mg/l
	STP	580 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	3.6 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	2.9 mg/kg
N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediamine	Soil	0.63 mg/kg
	Secondary Poisoning	380 mg/kg
	Fresh water	0.062 mg/l
	Marine water	0.0062 mg/l
	STP	25 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	0.22 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	0.022 mg/kg
	Soil	0.0085 mg/kg

## 8.2 Exposure controls

### Personal protective equipment

Eye protection : Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing problems.

Hand protection

Material : Solvent-resistant gloves (butyl-rubber)

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Remarks : Take note of the information given by the producer concerning permeability and break through times, and of special workplace conditions (mechanical strain, duration of contact). The exact break through time can be obtained from the protective glove producer and this has to be observed. Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time. Recommended preventive skin protection Skin should be washed after contact. The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves.

Skin and body protection : Long sleeved clothing  
Safety shoes  
  
Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Respiratory protection : Use suitable breathing protection if workplace concentration requires.  
  
In the case of dust or aerosol formation use respirator with an approved filter.

### Environmental exposure controls

Water : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.

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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance : Pasty solid  
Colour : silver  
Odour : solvent-like  
Odour Threshold : No data available  
pH : No data available  
Freezing point : No data available  
Boiling point/boiling range : 82 °C

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Flash point : 13 °C

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : The substance or mixture is a flammable solid with the category 1.

Self-ignition : not auto-flammable  
not auto-flammable  
not auto-flammable

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Smoldering temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive  
Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

Oxidizing properties : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available

Vapour pressure : No data available

Relative vapour density : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : 1.3 - 2.0 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Bulk density : No data available

Solubility(ies)  
Water solubility : insoluble

Solubility in other solvents : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

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Viscosity, dynamic : No data available

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Flow time : No data available

### 9.2 Other information

No data available

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## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Reacts with alkalis, acids, halogenes and oxidizing agents.  
Contact with acids and alkalis may release hydrogen.  
Mixture reacts slowly with water resulting in evolution of hydrogen.  
Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Do not allow to dry.

Heat, flames and sparks.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Acids  
Bases  
Oxidizing agents  
Highly halogenated compounds

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Contact with water or humid air : This information is not available.

Thermal decomposition : This information is not available.

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### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

##### Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

##### Components:

##### **aluminium powder (stabilised):**

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5 mg/l  
Exposure time: 4 h  
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

##### **propan-2-ol:**

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg  
Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

##### **ethanol:**

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Mouse): 3,450 mg/kg  
LD50 (Rat): 7,060 mg/kg  
LD50 (Rabbit): 6,300 mg/kg  
Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 20,000 mg/l  
Exposure time: 4 h  
Test atmosphere: vapour  
Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

##### **Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:**

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 3,492 mg/kg  
Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 3,160 mg/kg

##### **N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediamine:**

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): ca. 2,995 mg/kg  
Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50: 1.49 - 2.44 mg/l  
Exposure time: 4 h  
Test atmosphere: vapour

Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after short term inhalation.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

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## STAPA IL HYDROLAN PLUS 2192 Aluminium Paste

Version  
3.1

Revision Date:  
24.03.2020

SDS Number:  
102000024873

Print Date: 07.08.2020  
Date of first issue: 02.08.2016

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### **Skin corrosion/irritation**

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Product:**

Remarks: May cause skin irritation in susceptible persons.

#### **Components:**

##### **ethanol:**

Result: No skin irritation

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Causes serious eye irritation.

#### **Product:**

Remarks: Eye irritation

#### **Components:**

##### **ethanol:**

Result: Eye irritation

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

##### **N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediamine:**

Result: Corrosive

### **Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

#### **Skin sensitisation**

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Product:**

Result: Does not cause skin sensitisation.

#### **Components:**

##### **N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediamine:**

Result: May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

### **Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified based on available information.

### **Carcinogenicity**

Not classified based on available information.

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### Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

### STOT - single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### Components:

#### Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation., May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

### Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

### Components:

#### Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

### Further information

#### Product:

Remarks: Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Concentrations substantially above the TLV value may cause narcotic effects.

Solvents may degrease the skin.

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## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

#### Components:

#### Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

#### Ecotoxicology Assessment

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

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### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

**Product:**

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher..

### 12.6 Other adverse effects

**Product:**

Additional ecological information : No data available

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## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

European Waste Catalogue : 12 01 04 - non-ferrous metal dust and particles  
European Waste Catalogue : 10 03 21 - other particulates and dust (including ball-mill dust) containing hazardous substances

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : Do not dispose of waste into sewer.  
Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container.  
Send to a licensed waste management company.  
In accordance with local and national regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents.  
Dispose of as unused product.  
Do not re-use empty containers.  
Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum.  
In accordance with local and national regulations.

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## SECTION 14: Transport information

### 14.1 UN number

ADR : UN 1325  
IMDG : UN 1325  
IATA : UN 1325

### 14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR : FLAMMABLE SOLID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.  
(Aluminium pigment paste)  
IMDG : FLAMMABLE SOLID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.

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**IATA** (Aluminium pigment paste)  
: Flammable solid, organic, n.o.s.  
(Aluminium pigment paste)

### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

**ADR** : 4.1  
**IMDG** : 4.1  
**IATA** : 4.1

### 14.4 Packing group

**ADR**  
Packing group : II  
Classification Code : F1  
Hazard Identification Number : 40  
Labels : 4.1  
Tunnel restriction code : (E)

**IMDG**  
Packing group : II  
Labels : 4.1  
EmS Code : F-A, S-G  
Remarks : IMDG Code segregation group 15 - Powdered metals

**IATA (Cargo)**  
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 448  
Packing instruction (LQ) : Y441  
Packing group : II  
Labels : Division 4.1 - Flammable solids

**IATA (Passenger)**  
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 445  
Packing instruction (LQ) : Y441  
Packing group : II  
Labels : Division 4.1 - Flammable solids

### 14.5 Environmental hazards

**ADR**  
Environmentally hazardous : no

**IMDG**  
Marine pollutant : no

### 14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable

### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

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### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).	:	Not applicable
Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer	:	Not applicable
Regulation (EC) No 850/2004 on persistent organic pollutants	:	Not applicable

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

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### SECTION 16: Other information

#### Full text of H-Statements

H225	:	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	:	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H228	:	Flammable solid.
H304	:	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H317	:	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	:	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	:	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	:	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	:	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	:	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox.	:	Acute toxicity
Aquatic Chronic	:	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Asp. Tox.	:	Aspiration hazard
Eye Dam.	:	Serious eye damage
Eye Irrit.	:	Eye irritation
Flam. Liq.	:	Flammable liquids
Flam. Sol.	:	Flammable solids
Skin Sens.	:	Skin sensitisation
STOT SE	:	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
GB EH40	:	UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits
GB EH40 / TWA	:	Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)
GB EH40 / STEL	:	Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period)

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society

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for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### Further information

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

GB / EN