SAFETY DATA SHEET

STAPA SILTALLUX 8640 Aluminium Pigment Paste

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : STAPA SILTALLUX 8640 Aluminium Pigment Paste

Product code : 019002G60

Manufacturer or supplier's details
Company name of supplier : ECKART GmbH
Address : Guentersthal 4
          Hartenstein  91235
Telephone : +499152770
Telefax : +499152777008

Emergency telephone : CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300
                      CHEMTREC: 1-703-527-3387 (International)
                      GBK Gefahrgut Buero GmbH, Ingelheim, Germany:
                      From outside US: (001) 352-323-3500
                      (First call in English, response in your language is possible)
                      US & Canada (toll free):1-800-5355-053

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations
Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

GHS label elements
Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

Other hazards
None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Aluminum</td>
<td>7429-90-5</td>
<td>&gt;= 50 - &lt; 70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy</td>
<td>64742-48-9</td>
<td>&gt;= 20 - &lt; 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.</td>
<td>64742-95-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 5 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice
  Take the victim into fresh air.
  Do not leave the victim unattended.
  No hazards which require special first aid measures.

If inhaled
  If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
  If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of skin contact
  Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water.

In case of eye contact
  Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water.
  Remove contact lenses.
  If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed
  Keep respiratory tract clear.
  Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.
  Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
  If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
  None known.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media
  Dry sand
  Special powder against metal fire

Unsuitable extinguishing media
  Water
  Foam
  ABC powder
  Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Specific hazards during fire fighting
  Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Further information
  Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.
  Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must
be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:
Use personal protective equipment.
Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
Evacuate personnel to safe areas.
Use personal protective equipment.
Remove all sources of ignition.
Avoid dust formation.

Environmental precautions:
Prevent product from entering drains.
If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
Use mechanical handling equipment.
Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).
Sweep up and shovel.
Do not flush with water.
Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on protection against fire and explosion:
Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.
Earthing of containers and apparatuses is essential.
Normal measures for preventive fire protection.

Advice on safe handling:
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Avoid dust formation.
Ensure adequate ventilation.

For personal protection see section 8.
Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the
application area.

Conditions for safe storage: Store in original container. Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Electrical installations / working materials must comply with the technological safety standards.

Materials to avoid: Do not store together with oxidizing and self-igniting products. Never allow product to get in contact with water during storage. Keep away from oxidizing agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Further information on storage stability: No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Aluminum</td>
<td>7429-90-5</td>
<td>TWAEV</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>CA QC OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>CA AB OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Respirable)</td>
<td>1 mg/m³</td>
<td>CA BC OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Dust)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>CA AB OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWAEV</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>CA QC OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Respirable)</td>
<td>1 mg/m³ (Aluminum)</td>
<td>CA BC OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWAEV (Fumes)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³ (Aluminum)</td>
<td>CA QC OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Respirable fraction)</td>
<td>1 mg/m³ (Aluminum)</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Respirable fraction)</td>
<td>1 mg/m³ (Aluminum)</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: Use suitable breathing protection if workplace concentration requires.

Hand protection
Material: Solvent-resistant gloves

Remarks: Take note of the information given by the producer concerning permeability and break through times, and of special workplace conditions (mechanical strain, duration of contact). The exact break through time can be obtained from the protective glove producer and this has to be observed. Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time. Recommended preventive skin protection Skin should be washed after contact. The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves.

Eye protection: Safety glasses

Skin and body protection: Long sleeved clothing
Safety shoes
Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Hygiene measures: General industrial hygiene practice.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Pasty solid
SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Chemical stability : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Reacts with alkalis, acids, halogenes and oxidizing agents. Contact with acids and alkalis may release hydrogen. Mixture reacts slowly with water resulting in evolution of hydrogen. Vapor/air-mixtures are explosive at intense warming. Stable under recommended storage conditions.
Conditions to avoid : Do not allow to dry.

Incompatible materials : Acids
Bases
Oxidizing agents
Highly halogenated compounds

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): Test atmosphere: vapor
Remarks: An LC50/inhalation/4h/rat could not be determined because no mortality of rats was observed at the maximum achievable concentration.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 3,492 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 3,160 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization
Not classified based on available information.
Respiratory sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Reproductive toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

STOT-single exposure
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.: Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation., May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT-repeated exposure
Not classified based on available information.

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Further information
Components:
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy: Remarks: Solvents may degrease the skin.
SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Ecotoxicology Assessment
Chronic aquatic toxicity: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Persistence and degradability
No data available

Bioaccumulative potential
No data available

Other adverse effects
No data available

Components:
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy:

Additional ecological information: No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues: The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.
In accordance with local and national regulations.

Contaminated packaging: In accordance with local and national regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Domestic regulation

49 CFR: Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

International Regulations
Remarks: Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport
ADR: Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

IATA-DGR: Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

IMDG-Code: Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

Not dangerous goods in the meaning of ADR/RID, ADN, IMDG-Code, ICAO/IATA-DGR

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code**
Not applicable for product as supplied.

### SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

**Canadian PBT Chemicals**: This product contains the following components on the DSL that are classified as Persistent, Bioaccumulative and/or Toxic (PBT) under CEPA:
- Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy

**NPRI Components**: Aluminum

**The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:**
- DSL: All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL
- TSCA: On TSCA Inventory

**Canadian lists**
No substances are subject to a Significant New Activity Notification.

### SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

**Full text of other abbreviations**
- **ACGIH**: USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
- **CA AB OEL**: Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)
- **CA BC OEL**: Canada. British Columbia OEL
- **CA ON OEL**: Ontario Table of Occupational Exposure Limits made under the Occupational Health and Safety Act.
- **CA QC OEL**: Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and
SAFETY DATA SHEET

STAPA SILTALLUX 8640 Aluminium Pigment Paste

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Revision Date: 07/31/2018
SDS Number: 102000023442
Date of last issue: -
Date of first issue: 07/31/2018

safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants

ACGIH / TWA: 8-hour, time-weighted average
CA AB OEL / TWA: 8-hour Occupational exposure limit
CA BC OEL / TWA: 8-hour time weighted average
CA ON OEL / TWA: Time-Weighted Average Limit (TWA)
CA QC OEL / TWA EV: Time-weighted average exposure value

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; CPR - Controlled Products Regulations; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECS - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Revision Date: 07/31/2018

The information provided in this Material Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific
material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

CA / Z8